

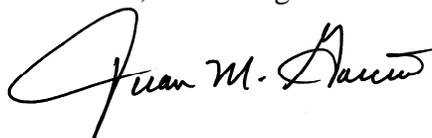
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Farm Service Agency
Washington, DC 20250

Acreage and Compliance Determinations
2-CP (Revision 15)

Amendment 68

Approved by: Acting Deputy Administrator, Farm Programs



Amendment Transmittal

A Reasons for Amendment

Subparagraph 16 A has been amended to update producer print signature requirements to reflect provisions in 1-NAP, subparagraph 151 B.

Subparagraph 19 C has been amended to:

- reflect calculating acreage measurements to GIS from photographs and MDOQ's
- provide guidance on entering acreage in tenths or hundredths at the discretion of the State Office, with exceptions.

Subparagraph 21 A has been amended to provide examples of acceptable late-filed FSA-578's.

Subparagraph 21 D has been amended with a note to clarify late-filed fees.

Subparagraph 22 G has been amended to allow RMA data to warrant a revised irrigation practice.

Paragraph 24 has been amended to:

- remove language that no benefit can be derived from a cover crop
- update policy on approving and reviewing prevented planting claims
- correct an error released in Amendment 67 on using drought monitor data.

Paragraph 24.5 has been amended to clarify fees for verifying failed acreage.

Paragraph 24.6 has been added to clarify policy on volunteer crops.

Paragraph 75 has been amended to add new CRP intended use codes.

Amendment Transmittal (Continued)

A Reasons for Amendment (Continued)

Paragraph 84.5 has been added to provide policy on loading prevented planted acreage on FSA-578.

Subparagraph 322 A has been amended to update the web site to access the compliance review and spot check for selected producers.

Subparagraph 355 F has been amended to update policy for second party review of NAP.

Subparagraph 460 C has been amended to align basic farm fees beginning FY 2012.

Paragraphs 508, 509, and 510 have been amended to provide guidance on supplying information to multiple peril crop insurance companies, agents, and LA's.

Exhibit 10.5 has been amended to add new crop types and intended uses.

Exhibit 11 has been amended to add an intended use for destroyed cover crops.

Page Control Chart		
TC	Text	Exhibit
1, 2 7, 8	2-1, 2-2 2-13 through 2-20 2-22.7 through 2-22.10 2-24.1 through 2-24.8 2-24.9, 2-24.10 (add) 2-25, 2-26 2-117, 2-118 2-137 through 2-142 2-142.5, 2-142.6 (add) 3-1, 3-2 3-73, 3-74 4-153, 4-154 5.5-1 through 5.5-8	1, pages 1-4 2, pages 1, 2 pages 2.5, 2.6 (add) pages 5, 6 pages 6.5, 6.6 (add) pages 11, 12 10.5, pages 1, 2 pages 5-10 pages 15-18 pages 21-30 pages 35-40 page 41 11, pages 1-4 page 5

Table of Contents

Page No.

Part 1 General Information

1	Overview.....	1-1
2	Source of Authority and Related Handbooks	1-2
3	Access to Information.....	1-2
4	Responsibilities.....	1-5
5-14	(Reserved)	

Part 2 Acreage Report Procedures

Section 1 Responsibilities, Guidelines, and Reporting Dates

15	Using FSA-578	2-1
16	Required Acreage Reports	2-2
17	Other Acreage Reports.....	2-4
18	Reporting Dates	2-9
19	Assisting Persons in Reporting Acreage.....	2-11
20	Crop Data on Aerial Photocopies	2-15
21	Late-Filed Report of Acreage	2-16
22	Partial and Revised Reports	2-19
22.5	FSA-578 Corrections	2-20.5
23	Planted Acreage for Program Purposes	2-21
23.5	WRP Acreage.....	2-22.5
24	Prevented Planting Acreage.....	2-22.7
24.5	Failed Acreage	2-24.6
24.6	Volunteer Acreage	2-24.8
25	Double-Cropping	2-24.9
26-38	(Reserved)	

Section 2 Creating Crop Default Records

39	Accessing Acreage and Compliance Determinations Menu.....	2-51
40	Crop Characteristic Default Rollover Process	2-52
41	Establishing Predominant Crops and Crop Characteristic Defaults	2-56
42-62	(Reserved)	

Table of Contents (Continued)

Page No.

Part 2 Acreage Report Procedures (Continued)

Section 3 Entering Basic Field Data

63	Accessing Option Selection Menu MEAO0101	2-91
64	Initial Access to Acreage Report	2-92
65-71	(Reserved)	
72	General Information About Entering Basic Data.....	2-107
73	Crop Status Codes.....	2-110
74	Variety and Type Selection.....	2-115
75	Intended Use Codes	2-115
76	Land Use Codes	2-119
77	Entering “M”, “O”, and “S” Codes.....	2-121
78	Entering Dates.....	2-125
78.5	Irrigation Practice Codes.....	2-127
79-83	(Withdrawn--Amend. 20)	
84	Entering Field and Share Data	2-135
84.5	Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578.....	2-139
85	Using Field Review Option	2-143
86	Using Crop/Share Repeat Load Screen.....	2-145
87	(Withdrawn--Amend. 2)	
88	Zero Acreage Reports	2-146
89-98	(Reserved)	

Section 4 Revising Acre and Share Data

99	Accessing the Crop/Share Revision Screen.....	2-169
100	Revising Field Data and Producer Shares.....	2-171
101	Adding Additional Producers	2-177
102	Revising Acreage Reports for Destruction of Crops Before Harvest.....	2-178
103-117	(Reserved)	

Section 5 Using End Load Processing

118	Accessing End Load Process	2-199
119-139	(Reserved)	

Table of Contents (Continued)

Page No.

Part 4 Computing Acreages (Continued)

Section 2 Ground Compliance

419	Responsibilities	4-59
420	Ground Compliance Equipment	4-60
421	Using Ground Compliance Equipment	4-63
422	Computing Acreage	4-69
423	Examples of Computing Acreage	4-71
424-436	(Reserved)	

Section 3 Aerial Compliance

437	Responsibilities for Aerial Compliance Activities	4-101
438-442	(Withdrawn--Amend. 49)	
443	Transferring 35mm Slides.....	4-129
444	Digital Images.....	4-129
445-450	(Reserved)	

Section 3.5 (Withdrawn--Amend. 49)

451-454	(Withdrawn--Amend. 49)	
455-458	(Reserved)	

Section 4 Measurement Services

459	Measurement Service Requests	4-151
460	Measurement Service Rates.....	4-153
461	Completing FSA-409, Measurement Service Record.....	4-157
462	Completing FSA-409A, Measurement Service Request Register	4-165
463	Staking and Referencing.....	4-167
464	Measurement Service After Planting.....	4-179
465	Measurement Service Guarantee	4-187
466-490	(Reserved)	

Table of Contents (Continued)

Page No.

Part 5 Photography and Geospatial Data

Section 1 Aerial Photography

491	Receiving and Recording Aerial Photographs.....	5-1
492	Numbering Photographs	5-3
493	Photographic Grids and Legal Descriptions	5-5
494	Identifying Tracts, Fields, and Boundaries.....	5-11
495	Documenting Wetlands Certified by NRCS.....	5-21
496	Transferring Data to Photographs.....	5-27
497	Determining Acreage.....	5-35
498	Maintaining, Using, and Disposing of Digital Imagery and Photographs.....	5-39
499	Working With Photocopies.....	5-41
500	Measurement Equipment Repair.....	5-43

Section 2 CLU's and Digital Photography

501	Certifying CLU's	5-61
502	Identifying CLU's.....	5-64.6
503	Documenting Wetland Certified by NRCS.....	5-66
504	Maintaining CLU's	5-68
505	Working With Digital Photocopies.....	5-69
505.5	Working With Geospatial Data.....	5-70.5
506	Map Projects	5-71
506.5	CLU Labeling Guidelines	5-75
506.6	NAIP One-Meter Replacement Imagery	5-94
507	Printing the Map Template	5-96

Part 5.5 Data Sharing

508	Providing Data to Multiple Peril Crop Insurance Companies, Agents, and LA's - General Information	5.5-1
509	LA Requests.....	5.5-3
510	Crop Insurance Agent Requests.....	5.5-6
511	(Withdrawn--Amend. 48)	
512-515	(Withdrawn--Amend. 26)	
516	Service Center CLU Data Sharing.....	5.5-9
517-524	(Reserved)	

Part 6 (Withdrawn--Amend. 53)

525	(Withdrawn--Amend. 53)	
525.5	(Withdrawn--Amend. 53)	
526-528	(Withdrawn--Amend. 53)	
528.5	(Withdrawn--Amend. 53)	
529, 530	(Withdrawn--Amend. 37)	
531-536	(Withdrawn--Amend. 53)	

Part 2 Acreage Report Procedures

Section 1 Responsibilities, Guidelines, and Reporting Dates

15 Using FSA-578

A Introduction

--County Offices shall use FSA-578 to collect data relating to crops. The data collection is--
to:

- determine compliance with farm programs
- * * *
- verify compliance with HELC and WC provisions
- collect data for FSA and other USDA agencies for program decisions
- *--determine producer eligibility for loans and LDP's
- determine crop and producer eligibility for ACRE, DCP, ELAP, Livestock Forage Disaster Program, NAP, SURE, and TAP.--*

B Accepting Acreage Reports

The following describes the steps to take when accepting an acreage report.

Step	Action
1	Enter crops and acreage data on FSA-578 provided by an individual or entity identified in subparagraph 16 D.
2	Review the data with the person reporting to ensure that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •*--all applicable crops, types, and intended uses are included--* • the farm is in compliance, if applicable.
3	Perform any measurement service that was requested.
4	Provide a copy of FSA-578 and aerial or digital photocopy.
5	Perform inspections and apply tolerance rules, when applicable.
6	Send operator FSA-468 or FSA-409, as applicable.
7	Process redetermination requests.
8	COC makes determinations according to Part 3, Section 4.
9	Process payment reduction reports and notification letters, if applicable.

*--**Note:** A manual FSA-578 may be accepted only when the automated FSA-578 is **not** available. All manual FSA-578's must be loaded in the automated FSA-578 once the system becomes available.--*

16 Required Acreage Reports

A Importance of Accurate and Timely Reporting

Filing an accurate and timely acreage report for all crops and land uses, including failed
 *--acreage, can prevent loss of benefits for programs listed in the following table. FSA-578
 certification must be filed for the farm by the applicable final reporting date in Exhibit 6. For
 producers reporting NAP crops, see 1-NAP, subparagraph 151 B for additional signature
 requirements. To be considered timely filed, acreage reports for:--*

- prevented planted acreage are required to be submitted no later than 15 calendar days after the final planting date for the applicable crop

Notes: Beginning in 2007, the final planting date for each crop is based on final planting dates established by RMA for insurable crops and NCT planting dates for noninsurable crops.

If no date is established by RMA, COC may establish final planting dates for insurable and non-insurable crops in a county with approval from STC. When establishing final planting dates COC shall take into consideration the applicable dates established for surrounding counties.

- failed acreage shall be filed before the disposition of the crop.

Benefit	Acreage Reporting Requirement	Reason for Requirement
MAL's and LDP's	All cropland on the farm. Note: Farms that have zero cropland will have the flag set to "Y" in the cropland comparison file. No producer or County Office action will be necessary.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Authorized by the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008. • Needed to determine reasonableness of claimed production.
Direct and counter-cyclical payments under DCP	All cropland on the farm. Note: Farms that have zero cropland will have the flag set to "Y" in the cropland comparison file. No producer or County Office action will be necessary.	
CRP annual rental payment	CRP acreage according to CRP-1 Appendix.	Needed to determine that the producer has maintained CRP acreage.
NAP	Crop acreage for which NAP benefits may be requested.	Needed to established eligibility of the crop and producer for NAP benefits.

19 Assisting Persons in Reporting Acreage (Continued)

C Calculating Acreage Measurements

County Offices shall follow these steps when the producer, operator, or owner provides specific data or acreage measurements and requests assistance.

Step	Action
1	*--Delineate subdivisions on the photocopy or map printed from the ArcGIS CLU Maintenance Tool.
2	Compute acreage from the ArcGIS CLU Maintenance Tool.--* * * *
3	Remind the person reporting that acreages they provided: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • are not official • cannot be guaranteed.
4	Emphasize the importance of providing an accurate acreage report on FSA-578.
5	Ensure that the producer: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • reads and understands the certification on FSA-578 • understands that by signing and dating FSA-578, the producer is agreeing with this certification. <p>Note: See subparagraph 16 D for certification restrictions.</p>

***--Note:** Calculated or measured acreage can be entered or maintained in tenths or hundredths. Managing acreage in tenths or hundredths on FSA-578 is at the discretion of the State Office, as long as the level of entry is consistent throughout the State. In cases where hundredths of acres are required, and acreage is only reported in tenths, a zero shall be added in the hundredths decimal place.

Exception: Tobacco and other specified NAP crop acreage **must** be entered in hundredths in all States.--*

20 Crop Data on Aerial Photocopies

A What to Include on Hard Copy Maps

Use hard copy maps printed from the ArcGIS CLU Maintenance Tool to record the following information before data is entered on FSA-578:

- *--farm number
- tract number
- field/subfield number
- crop
- intended use
- number of acres
- approximate boundaries of the crop
- skip-row pattern, when applicable.

Note: Additional items may be included on the photocopy to provide clarification.--*

B Review for HEL Noncompliance

Use the following table to review hard copy maps to identify potential HELC or WC noncompliance if FSA-578 was completed and an agricultural commodity is planted on either of the following:

- a field for which HEL determination is not made
- land designated as WC.

IF...	THEN...
any producer on the farm has filed AD-1026	prepare FSA-569 and refer to NRCS for a determination according to 6-CP.
no producer on the farm has filed AD-1026	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • explain to the producer who certifies on FSA-578 that the report indicates a potential HELC or WC noncompliance, which will be verified if any producer on the farm requests USDA benefits • maintain a record of the potentially ineligible producer who is associated with land on which there is a potential noncompliance • prepare FSA-578 for the farm and refer to NRCS for a determination if any producer on the farm files AD-1026.

21 Late-Filed Report of Acreage

A Accepting Late-Filed FSA-578

COC may accept a late-filed FSA-578 as timely filed when all of the following apply:

- the operator pays the cost of a farm visit and the costs of verification and determination of crop acreage

Note: See subparagraph D to determine when to charge a late-filed fee.

- physical existence of the late-filed crop or crop residue for the crop year being reported exists, if applicable, according to subparagraph E

Exception: RMA data may be used as evidence to accept a late-filed FSA-578 when physical evidence of the crop or crop residue does **not** exist, if the crop information is reported timely to RMA and supports the crop information reported to FSA. **This exception does not apply to NAP.**

- the crop's use can be verified
- the crop's acreage for the specific crop year can be determined.

Note: County Offices shall perform spot checks on all late-filed crops reported on FSA-578's.

***--Example 1:** A producer timely files FSA-578 for Field 1 on the farm. However, Field 2 was filed untimely and did not previously exist on FSA-578. This is considered a late-filed FSA-578.

Example 2: A producer timely files corn as the initial crop on Field 1 of the farm. The producer later files wheat untimely on Field 1 as the initial crop. This is a late-filed FSA-578 resulting in a modification of an existing status code.

Note: Both crops should be supported by RMA data.

Example 3: A producer timely files corn as the initial crop on Field 1 of the farm. The producer wishes to revise the crop from corn to soybeans on Field 1 of the farm at a later date. This is considered a revision according to subparagraph 22 B.--*

21 Late-Filed Report of Acreage (Continued)**B Late-Filed FSA-578 for FAV History, NAP APH, CRP Cropping History, or 2008 SURE**

A late-filed FSA-578 may be accepted after physical existence of the crop or crop residue is gone if the producer:

- is reporting acreage for establishing FAV history, APH data base for NAP eligibility purposes, cropping history for CRP purposes, or 2008 SURE.
- provides acceptable evidence, to COC's satisfaction, to prove existence and disposition of the crop, according to subparagraph F.

C Late-Filed FSA-578 for Ornamental Nursery and Aquaculture

FSA-578 filed after September 30 for the ensuing ornamental nursery or aquacultural crop year may be approved if all of the following occur:

- producer was prevented by circumstances beyond the producer's control from timely filing the report
- late-filed FSA-578 is for the inventory for the remaining months of the crop year
- late-filed FSA-578 is filed before the date of disaster, which is the basis for an application for payment.

A late-filed FSA-578 shall **not** be accepted after either of the following:

- end of the crop year for which FSA-578 is required
- natural disaster occurs, which is the basis for an application for payment.

Crop years for ornamental nursery and aquaculture begin October 1 and end September 30.

21 Late-Filed Report of Acreage (Continued)

D Late-Filed Fees and Acreage Verification

The following provides instructions for charging late-filed fees and verifying acreage.

IF the reason for the late-filed acreage report is...	THEN the late-filed fee is...
within the operator’s control	equal to measurement service fees according to paragraph 460 and the crop acreage is a required spot check. *--Note: If a prevented planting claim is late-filed in conjunction with a late-filed acreage report, only 1 measurement service fee will apply.--*
beyond the operator’s control	waived, and acreage determination is not required unless the operator/producer is selected for spot check.
for 1991 through 1995 FAV or to establish NAP APH approved yield	waived. Note: Once the producer has an FAV history or APH approved yield established, annual acreage reports are required by the reporting date or a late-filed fee shall be charged and physical evidence verified.

E Physical Evidence Requirements

The following provides physical evidence requirements for late-filed FSA-578’s.

IF the late-filed acreage report is for purposes...	THEN the crop or crop residue...
other than those in subparagraph B	must be identifiable and verified by a farm visit.
in subparagraph B	verification is not required. Other satisfactory evidence must be provided. Note: See subparagraph F for examples of acceptable evidence.

21 Late-Filed Report of Acreage (Continued)

F Examples of Acceptable * * * Evidence

The following are examples of acceptable nonphysical evidence that may be provided to or requested by COC. * * *

IF the evidence is to prove...	THEN COC may accept nonphysical evidence, such as...
existence of the crop	seed receipts showing the amount, variety, and date purchased.
	receipts for cleaning, treating, etc., for seed planted on the farm.
	documentation obtained and certified by another Governmental agency indicating the acreage, location, and crop year.
	acreage reported for any crop insurance policy or loss adjustment.
	a written contract or documentation of an oral contract to produce a specific crop.
disposition of the crop	aerial or digital slides, if a positive determination can be made of the crop's identity and boundaries.
	receipts showing number and units sold if the sale can be positively identified as sale of the crop for the farm for the year represented.
	a written contract or documentation of an oral contract to produce a specific crop.
	records showing the crop was fed to livestock.
	positive documentation of payment for custom harvesting indicating acreage, location, and crop year.

22 Partial and Revised Reports

A Partial FSA-578's

A partial FSA-578 for a farm may exist when:

- at least 1 crop has been reported
- all acreage on the farm has not been reported.

B Revising Crop or Acres

FSA-578's may be revised at any time if the revised acreage can be verified by physical *--evidence to COC's satisfaction. RMA data shall **not** be accepted as verification for revising acreage information.--*

Note: The revised FSA-578 may not nullify the results of a spot check, if the results of the spot check have been provided to the operator.

22 Partial and Revised Reports (Continued)**C Revising Intended Use**

Once certified, the intended use field shall **not** be revised.

Notes: This is the anticipated use at the time of planting and should not need to be revised.

In situations where the actual use is different than the intended use, such as short-rated wheat, County Offices can record the actual use as indicated in paragraph 308.

D Revising Shares

Shares may be revised at anytime if the revised shares can be verified by providing documentation to COC's satisfaction. For example, a lease showing the shares.

E Accepting Revised Acreage Reports

Accepting a revised acreage report does not guarantee program eligibility.

Note: See specific program procedure for guidelines for eligibility.

F Spot Checks

Partial and revised FSA-578's shall be subject to the same compliance spot checks as other FSA-578's.

G Revising Irrigation Practice

*--Once certified, the irrigation practice may be changed **only** if **both** of the following are met:

- requested by the producer
- verified with acceptable RMA data, such as CIMS showing a timely filed report of acreage to RMA. If CIMS does not provide data to support the producer's irrigation practice, it is the producer's responsibility to provide proper evidence, if questioned.--*

H Revising Planting Date

Once certified, the planting date shall **not** be changed.

24 Prevented Planting Acreage

A Definition of Prevented Planting

Prevented planting is the inability to plant the intended crop acreage with proper equipment by the final planting date for the crop type because of a natural disaster.

The inability to plant a crop includes the following situations:

- irrigated crops were not planted because of lack of water resulting from a natural disaster or contamination by saltwater intrusion of an irrigation supply resulting from a natural disaster if there was not a reasonable probability of having adequate water to carry out an irrigated practice

Note: See Exhibit 2 for definitions of adequate water supply or source, good irrigation practice, irrigation, and irrigation equipment and facilities.

- amount of irrigation water available or expected to be available by the final planting date should be the determining factor in approving prevented planting
- adequacy of water shall be based on the following:
 - available water by the final planting date as established by governmental or authorities responsible for allocation of irrigation water
 - snow pack storage levels
 - precipitation that would normally be received during the growing season.
- for nonirrigated crops that by the final planting date, there was insufficient soil moisture for germination and progress toward crop maturity because of a prolonged period of dry weather.

Notes: The prolonged period of dry weather **must** be verifiable using information collected by sources whose business is to study and record the weather. As determined by COC, sources shall include, but is **not** limited to:

- U.S. National Weather Service
- Bureau of Reclamation
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
- NIFA
- NRCS.

The U.S. Drought Monitor may be used to show severe drought or worse (D2, D3, *--or D4), but should **not** be used exclusively to determine prevented planting--* eligibility.

24 Prevented Planting Acreage (Continued)**B Prevented Planting of Tree Crops and Other Perennials**

Prevented planting of tree crops and other perennials applies only if the producer can prove resources were available to plant, grow, and harvest the crop, as applicable, but the crop was not planted because of a natural disaster.

C Ineligible Acreage for Prevented Planting

Acreage ineligible for prevented planting credit includes, but is not limited to, acreage:

- not planted because of a management decision

Note: Failure to plant when other producers in the area were planting will result in the denial of the prevented planting claim.

- required to be left unharvested under the terms of the lease or any other agreement
- where any other person receives a prevented planted payment for any crop for the same crop year, unless double-cropping requirements have been met
- where pasture or another forage crop is in place on the acreage during the time that planting of the crop generally occurs in the area
- used for conservation purposes or intended to be or considered to have been left unplanted under any program administered by USDA, including CRP planting history or conservation plans indicated would remain fallow for crop rotation purposes

* * *

- affected by the containment or release of water by any governmental, public, or private dam or reservoir project, if an easement exists on the acreage affected for the containment or release of the water

24 Prevented Planting Acreage (Continued)

C Ineligible Acreage for Prevented Planting (Continued)

- where any volunteer or cover crop is hayed, grazed, or otherwise harvested for the acreage for the same crop year

* * *

- where there is an inadequate supply of irrigation water beginning before the RMA sales closing date for the previous crop year or the NAP application closing date for the crop according to 1-NAP, paragraph 22 through the final planting date of the current year

Note: See subparagraphs D and E for exceptions for ineligible acreage when irrigation water is reduced and Exhibit 2 for the definition of an adequate water supply or source.

- where there is a failure or breakdown of irrigation equipment or facilities
- quarantined by a county, State, or Federal government agency
- affected by chemical and herbicide residue
- where the producer was unable to find a market for the crop
- for value loss crops, including, but not limited to, Christmas trees, aquaculture, or ornamental nursery, for which NAP assistance is provided under value loss procedure
- affected by wildlife damage
- for tree crops and other perennial, unless the producer can prove resources were available to plant, grow, and harvest the crop, as applicable
- where reduction in irrigation water supply is because of participation in an electricity buy-back program, the sale of water under a water buy-back is ineligible for prevented planted credit, or changes in water use because of legislation changes or any other cause which is not a natural disaster
- devoted to noncropland.

24 Prevented Planting Acreage (Continued)

D Exceptions for Ineligible Prevented Planted Acreage When Surface Water Is Reduced

The following provides exceptions to be used when determining ineligibility for prevented planting when surface water is reduced because of a natural disaster.

IF source information indicates normal snow pack, precipitation, and inflows beginning on the prior years' RMA or NAP normal harvest date for the crop would have provided enough water for the current year to carry out the irrigated practice to produce the crop on...	BUT...	THEN prevented planted credit...
the entire crop acreage	the producer is not able to plant the crop acreage because expected irrigation water is not received due to drought	may be considered on the entire crop acreage, if all other requirements are met.
	the producer is able to plant the crop on part of the acreage because expected irrigation water is not received due to drought	may be considered on only the part of the acreage where the crop could not be planted, if all other requirements are met.

24 Prevented Planting Acreage (Continued)

G Late-Filed Prevented Planting Acreage Claim (Continued)

Exception: For CCC-576, Part B, submitted beyond the period specified in subparagraph F and at a time that would **not** allow verification of the specific acreage through farm inspection, RMA data may be used to accept a late-filed CCC-576 prevented planting request, if the prevented planted acreage was reported timely to RMA and supports the prevented planted information reported on FSA-578. All other prevented planted provisions shall be met. **This exception does not apply to NAP.** See subparagraph 24 A for accepting late-filed FSA-578's.

Example 1: Producer late-filed CCC-576 on July 10 claiming prevented planted soybeans because of flooding. County Office employee makes a farm visit on July 17 and verifies flooding as the condition that prevented the producer from planting the intended crop. In this case, COC may accept the late-filed CCC-576, Part B, because flood condition can be verified by the farm visit.

Example 2: Producer late-filed CCC-576 on June 25 claiming prevented planted corn because of drought. Rain fell on June 30, before inspection was performed. In this case, COC cannot accept the late-filed CCC-576, Part B, because drought condition cannot be verified by the farm visit.

Example 3: Producer late-filed CCC-576 on August 2 claiming prevented planted wheat because of excessive rain. When the field inspection was performed on August 10, the field was determined to be dry enough for planting. In this case, COC cannot accept the late-filed CCC-576, Part B, because wet condition was not verified by the farm visit.

Notes: Results of the farm visit shall be documented on each filed CCC-576, and recorded in COC minutes, to support the documentation.

--Measurement service fees shall apply according to paragraph 460.--

H Establishing Intent of Planting

Producers must establish to the satisfaction of COC that:

- all cropland feasible to plant but prevented from being planted was affected by a natural disaster rather than a management decision

Note: The unavailability of equipment, seed, or fertilizer, even if this unavailability is because of or related to the natural disaster, is **not** an eligible cause of prevented planting.

- preliminary efforts made by the producer to plant the crop are evident, such as disking the land, orders for purchase, delivery of seed and fertilizer, or financing documents.

24 Prevented Planting Acreage (Continued)**I Verifying Prevented Planted Acreage Claim**

Verify prevented planted acreage by 1 of the following methods:

- crop insurance data if the data supports FSA-578
- field visit
- COC knowledge.

Example: If COC has knowledge that an area is affected by a natural disaster, COC can approve the acreage without performing a field visit as long as the claim was *--timely filed according to subparagraph F.--*

J Processing Prevented Planting Acreage Claim

CCC-576 shall be processed according to this paragraph, but marked as “Not for NAP” if it is only for acreage that is not covered by NAP.

CCC-576, Part B shall:

- be completed by the producer or farm operator
- provide sufficient information for COC to determine that the claimed prevented planting or damage to specific acreage or crop was the result of natural disaster and not a management decision
- be date-stamped when received by the County Office

Note: A photocopy of the date-stamped completed CCC-576 shall be given to the producer as evidence of filing.

- be reviewed and acted on by COC or a representative.

Notes: County Office shall publicize to all producers that prevented planting acreage claims will only be accepted on CCC-576.

For the purpose of prevented planting acreage claims, see Exhibit 7 for instructions on how producer shall complete CCC-576.

24 **Prevented Planting Acreage (Continued)****K Review Prevented Planting Acreage Claim**

COC * * * shall review each CCC-576, Part B and determine whether:

- notice of loss has been filed according to subparagraph F or G
- the claimed disaster condition or period, in CCC-576, item 9, appears reasonable and meets the definition of “natural disaster”
- a field visit is required to verify information on CCC-576 according to subparagraph I.

Note: COC may delegate authority to CED to act on CCC-576, Part C. This delegation shall be recorded in the COC minutes.

L Prevented Planted History

Beginning with the 2009 crop year, using prior years’ planting history will no longer be considered when making determinations for prevented planted acreage claims. COC shall determine that all other prevented planted requirements are met according to this paragraph.

M Approving Prevented Planted Acreage Claim

COC must make a determination of eligibility on each request for prevented planting acreage credit filed by a producer. COC may request the producer show there was intent to plant the acreage by providing documentation of field preparation, seed purchase, and other information that shows the acreage could have been planted and harvested under normal conditions. If COC is not satisfied with the supporting documentation provided, then the request shall be denied.

If the County Office is notified that a case involving prevented planting is under review by other USDA agencies, such as OIG or RMA, or crop insurance companies, COC shall not make a determination on the request for prevented planting until the claim has been resolved by the other agency or crop insurance companies.

COC shall, before approving prevented planting, be satisfied that:

- the prevented planting acreage was reported according to subparagraph F or G
- the producer intended to plant the crop acreage for harvest
- other producers in the area were similarly affected

Note: Failure to plant the crop when other producers in the area were planting the crop *--should result in the disapproval of the prevented planting claim.--*

24 Prevented Planting Acreage (Continued)

M Approving Prevented Planted Acreage Claim (Continued)

- the reason the crop acreage could not be planted was because of natural disaster and not a management decision
- for a crop type with a single planting in a crop year, the eligible cause of loss occurred:
 - after the final planting date for the same crop type in the previous crop year
 - before the final planting date for the same crop in the crop year the request for prevented planting credit is filed
- for a crop type with multiple plantings in a single crop year, the eligible cause of loss occurred:
 - after the final planting date of the final planting period for the same crop type in the previous crop year
 - before the final planting date of the same crop type for the planting period the request for prevented planting credit is filed
- generate a letter to the producer or producers filing CCC-576, Part B according to instruction in 1-NAP.

Notes: Approved prevented planted acreage shall be limited to the number of acres physically able for planting.

To ensure accuracy of the acreage being reported, land that is destroyed to the extent that the acreage cannot be restored or the acreage is no longer tillable may need to be reclassified.

N Disapproving Prevented Planted Acreage Claim

Notify, in writing, each producer with an interest in the specific acreage or crop when COC:

- disapproves entire acreage claimed on CCC-576, Part B
- approves less than the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576, Part B.

Notification letter shall include the determination along with a detailed explanation supporting the determination and a right of reconsideration to COC according to 1-APP.

24 **Prevented Planting Acreage (Continued)**

O Recording * * * Prevented Planted Acreage

Producers with claimed prevented planting acreage shall report acreage on FSA-578. COC must make a determination of eligibility on each CCC-576, Part B request for prevented planting credit.

--See paragraph 84.5 for recording prevented planted acreage claimed on CCC-576.--

* * *

24.5 Failed Acreage

A Definition of Failed Acreage

Failed acreage is acreage that was timely planted with the intent to harvest, but because of disaster related conditions, the crop failed before it could be brought to harvest.

B Proof of Failed Acreage

Producers who are requesting failed acreage credit shall prove to COC's satisfaction that:

- the crop was planted with the intent to harvest using farming practices consistent for the crop and area
- the acreage failed because of disaster-related conditions.

Note: CCC-576 should be processed according to 1-NAP, paragraph 401, but marked as "Not for NAP" if it is only for a failed acreage determination that does not have a NAP policy.

24.5 Failed Acreage (Continued)

C Requesting Failed Acreage Credit

To be approved as failed acreage, the acreage must have been reported as failed acreage before the disposition of the crop; and the acreage must have been planted under normal conditions but failed as the result of a natural disaster and not a management decision.

Exception: RMA data may be used to approve CCC-576 for failed acreage, when reported after the disposition of the crop, if the failed acreage was reported timely to RMA and supports the failed acreage information reported on FSA-578. **This exception does not apply to NAP.** See subparagraph 21 A for accepting late-filed FSA-578's.

D Verifying Failed Acreage

Verify failed acreage by 1 of the following methods:

- crop insurance data if the data supports FSA-578
- COC knowledge

Example: If COC has knowledge that an area is affected by a natural disaster, COC can approve the acreage without performing a field visit.

- field visit.

***--Note:** Late-filed fees will not apply unless associated to a late-filed FSA-578 according to paragraph 21.--*

E Approving Failed Acreage

COC must make a determination of eligibility on each request for failed acreage credit filed by a producer. If COC is not satisfied with the supporting documentation provided, the request shall be denied.

F Recording Failed Acreage

Producers with claimed failed acreage shall report acreage on FSA-578. The acreage shall be recorded in the acreage reporting software as reported with a status code of "F" for failed. Determined acreage for the failed crop shall only be entered in the acreage reporting software if the crop is selected as a spot check through the AFIS software.

24.5 Failed Acreage (Continued)**G Reporting the Replanting of Failed Acreage**

If the initial crop fails and the producer replants the same crop on the same land, the crop shall only be reported once. The crop shall be considered a replacement crop, **not** a subsequent or double-crop. County Offices may notate on FSA-578 that the crop was replanted.

Example 1: Producer replants failed crop of corn and has **not** reported the first planting of the crop on FSA-578.

Failed crops that are replanted to the same crop and no acreage report has been filed, shall report the acreage only once, with planting date as the date the crop was replanted. Treat the second planting of the same crop as the first planting of the crop.

Example 2: Producer planted corn, the acreage failed, and the producer filed an acreage report with a status code of “F” (failed) and CCC-576.

If the producer notifies the County Office that the acreage has been replanted to the same crop, the acreage report shall be revised to remove the “F” (failed) and change the date to reflect the date of the second planting of the same crop. Treat the second planting of the same crop as the first planting of the crop.

Note: Producers who report the first crop as failed and replant the acreage to the same crop without revising their acreage report to reflect that the acreage was replanted may **not** be eligible for LDP’s or price support loans on the acreage because the acreage report will reflect that there will be no production of the crop.

--24.6 Volunteer Acreage*A Volunteer Crop**

A volunteer crop is a crop that was planted in a previous crop year on the applicable acreage or drifted from other acreage, successfully self-seeded, and is growing this crop year on the applicable acreage without being intentionally sown or managed.

B Use of Volunteer Supplemental Status

Volunteer crops do not include weeds.

Program eligibility will be determined by specific program provisions.--*

25 Double-Cropping**A Approved Double-Cropping**

Beginning with crop year 2011, approved double-cropping occurs when the following are met:

- specific combination of crops recommended by COC is approved by STC
- the 2 specific crops have the capability to be planted and carried to maturity for the intended use, as reported by the producer, on the same acreage within a crop year under normal growing conditions.

Example: A fall planted small grain intended for green manure (GM) followed by spring planted corn intended for grain (GR) can be considered an acceptable double-crop combination. The intended use grain (GR) for the corn crop would require the corn to be planted at such time in combination with the small grain intended for green manure to allow the corn to reach the hard dough stage.

One or both of the crops could have been prevented from planting and/or failed as long as both of the crops had reasonable expectations and realistic possibilities of being carried to maturity for the intended use within the same crop year under normal growing conditions.

Notes: See 1-DCP, paragraph 472 for definition of double-cropping FAV's or wild rice with covered commodities, peanuts, grain, or lint.

Approved STC double-cropping combination lists for previous crop years shall **not** be altered.

25 Double-Cropping (Continued)**B Establishing Double-Cropping Crops**

COC shall submit to STC recommendations of specific combinations of crops that can annually meet the approved definition of double-cropping. This applies to **all** combinations that are requested to be reported on FSA-578 as double-cropped.

COC supporting documentation shall include the following:

- length of growing season and moisture requirements required to produce the recommended crops for the intended use
- documentation of rainfall amounts normally received in the county during the growing season for each crop
- irrigation requirements, if any
- established final planting date for each crop for the intended use according to subparagraph 16 A
- COC-established normal harvest date for each crop for the intended use.

The normal harvest dates, if applicable, and final planting dates are established based on normal growing single cropping conditions.

Notes: See 1-DCP, paragraph 472 for the definition of double-cropping FAV's or wild rice with covered commodities or peanuts.

The inclusion of a county on the list in 7 CFR 1412 does not mean that every double-cropping combination in that county is automatically approved. Counties on the list in 7 CFR 1412 are listed **only** for the purpose of using the double-cropped FAV exception. See 1-DCP (Rev. 3), paragraph 472.

25 Double-Cropping (Continued)

C COC Action

COC shall annually submit any changes or additions in double-cropping practices to STC for approval.

- *--If double-cropping recommendations are based on both crops reaching maturity, then all other intended uses are automatically included in the recommendation. No further action is required.

Example: A fall planted small grain intended for grain (GR) followed by spring planted peas intended for fresh (FH) is considered an acceptable double-cropping practice. All other double-cropping practices for small grain followed by peas, such as small grains intended for green manure (GM) followed by peas intended for fresh (FH), will automatically be considered acceptable with no further action.

- If double-cropping recommendations for both crops were not based on the crops reaching maturity, then each intended use for the recommended double-cropping practice must be listed separately for consideration by STC.

Example: A fall planted small grain intended for grain (GR) followed by spring planted peas intended for fresh (FH) is not an acceptable double-cropping practice. In such cases, COC must list each recommended double-cropping practice separately by intended use for consideration, such as fall planted small grain intended for green manure (GM) followed by spring planted peas intended for fresh (FH), fall planted small grain intended for grazing (GZ) followed by spring planted peas intended for fresh (FH).--*

D STC Action

STC shall review annually and approve or disapprove COC-recommended changes or additions to specific combinations of crops based on the data submitted by COC.

STC shall **not** approve any of the following:

- any specific combination of crops that were disapproved as a multiple-cropping practice under a particular program without first obtaining concurrence of DAFP
- a combination comprised of plantings of the same crop
- *--any specific combination of crops if both crops cannot be planted and carried to maturity for the intended use, as applicable, on the same acreage within the same crop year--* under normal growing conditions.

Note: A second planting of the same crop on the same acreage in the same crop year shall be considered a repeat planting, not double-cropping.

75 Intended Use Codes (Continued)

B CRP Intended Use Codes (Continued)

CRP Intended Use Code	CRP Practice Number	CRP Practice Description
15	CP15	Establishment of permanent vegetative cover (contour grass strips)
16	CP16	Shelterbelt establishment
17	CP17	Living snow fence
18	CP18	Establishment of permanent vegetation to reduce salinity
19	CP19	Alley cropping
20	CP20	Alternate perennial
21	CP21	Filter strips
22	CP22	Riparian buffer
23	CP23	Wetland Restoration
24	CP24	Cross Wind Trap Strips
25	CP25	Rare and Declining Habitat
27	CP27	Farmable Wetland Pilot Wetland
28	CP28	Farmable Wetland Pilot Buffer
30	CP3A	Hardwood tree planting
31	CP4A	Permanent wildlife habitat (corridors)
32	CP13A	Vegetative filter strips (grass)
33	CP18A	Establishment of permanent salt tolerant vegetative cover
34	CP13B	Vegetative filter strips (trees)
35	CP4B	Permanent wildlife (corridors), noneasement
***	***	***

75 Intended Use Codes (Continued)

B CRP Intended Use Codes (Continued)

CRP Intended Use Code	CRP Practice Number	CRP Practice Description
37	CP5A	Field windbreak establishment, noneasement
38	CP8A	Grass waterways, noneasement
39	CP13C	Vegetative filter strips (grass), noneasement
40	CP13D	Vegetative filter strip (trees), noneasement
41	CP15A	Establishment of permanent vegetative cover (contour grass strips), noneasement
42	CP16A	Shelterbelt establishment, noneasement
43	CP17A	Living snow fences, noneasement
44	CP18B	Establishment of permanent vegetation to reduce salinity, noneasement
45	CP18C	Establishment of permanent salt tolerant vegetative cover, noneasement
46	CP4D	Permanent wildlife habitat, noneasement
47	CP15B	Marginal pastureland (Contour Grass Strips) on Terraces
48	CP29	Marginal pastureland wildlife habitat buffer
49	CP30	Marginal wetland buffer
50	CP31	Bottomland timber established on wetland
51	CP23A	Wetland restoration, nonflood plain
52	CP32	Expired hardwood tree planting
53	CP33	Habitat for upland birds
54	CP34	Flood Control System
55	CP35A	Emergency Forestry – Longleaf Pine – New
56	CP35B	Emergency Forestry – Longleaf Pine – Existing
57	CP35C	Emergency Forestry – Bottomland Hardwood – New
58	CP35D	Emergency Forestry – Bottomland Hardwood – Existing
59	CP35E	Emergency Forestry – Softwood – New
60	CP35F	Emergency Forestry – Softwood – Existing
61	CP35G	Emergency Forestry – Upland Hardwood – New
62	CP35H	Emergency Forestry – Upland Hardwood – Existing
63	CP35I	Emergency Forestry – Mixed Trees – Existing
64	CP36	Longleaf Pine Initiative
65	CP37	Duck Nesting Habitat
66	CP38A	State Acres for Wildlife Enhancement – Buffers
67	CP38B	State Acres for Wildlife Enhancement – Wetlands
68	CP38C	State Acres for Wildlife Enhancement – Trees
69	CP38D	State Acres for Wildlife Enhancement – Longleaf Pine
70	CP38E	State Acres for Wildlife Enhancement – Grass
*--71	CP39	FWP Constructed Wetland
72	CP40	FWP Aquaculture Wetland Restoration
73	CP41	FWP Flooded Prairie Wetland--*

84 Entering Field and Share Data (Continued)

D Changing Producer Shares

To change producer shares on Screen MEAL1401:

- enter new share
- PRESS “Enter”.

If there are more than 8 producers, the message, “More Producers”, will be displayed. To change producer shares for a producer who is not displayed:

- ensure that the sum of the shares on previous screens, plus the displayed shares, is less than 1
- PRESS “Enter” to redisplay Screen MEAL1401 with more producers
- enter the change in shares and PRESS “Enter”.

--Total of shares for the field must equal 1 or 100 percent.--

E Unit Number

On Screen MEAL1401, enter:

- RMA Unit
- optional unit number.

Note: This information can be found on the insurance policy or from the insurance agent.

F Cropland Indicator

A field has been added to the load screen to identify fields that are cropland versus noncropland. The field will default to “Y” but shall be changed to “N” if the field is considered noncropland.

Note: Only fields with the indicator set to “Y” will be used in calculating total reported cropland.

G Final Validation on Screen MEAL1401

After all displayed field and share entries are entered, PRESS “Enter”. Validations will be applied according to this table.

IF field and share validations are...	THEN...
not passed	Screen MEAL1401 will be redisplayed with an error message indicating action to be taken.
passed	enter data for the next tract or field number.

84 Entering Field and Share Data (Continued)

G Revising Field and Share Data

See paragraph 100 to revise field data and producer shares. See paragraph 22 for policy on revising FSA-578 data.

H Command Keys

The following provides the function of command keys on Screen MEAL1401.

Key	Function
Z	Displays Screen MEAL1601.
C	Displays Screen MEAL2401.
R	Displays Screen MEAL3101.
E	Displays Screen MEAEL101.
Cmd3	Displays the previous screen.
Cmd22	Displays Screen MEAEL601.
Cmd23	Displays Screen MEALDH04.
Help	Displays help screens.

***--84.5 Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578**

A Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 When Entire Acreage Claimed on CCC-576 Is Approved

Use the following to record prevented planted acreage on FSA-578 when the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is approved.

If another crop is reported behind prevented planted acreage, the applicable status code shall apply according to Exhibit 11.

IF the producer has reported prevented planted acreage and COC...	THEN...
approved entire acreage claimed on CCC-576	determined acres will not be entered unless the acreage was determined through spotcheck or measurement service.

Example 1: Entire acreage claimed is approved and no other crop is reported.

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	

Example 2: Entire acreage claimed is approved and **another crop, not meeting double-cropping rules, is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	
3	Soybeans	J	60	

Example 3: Entire acreage claimed is approved and **another crop, not meeting double-cropping rules, is reported on a portion of the acreage.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	
3A	Soybeans	J	30	

Example 4: Entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is approved and **2 other crops, not meeting double-cropping, are reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	
3A	Soybeans	J	40	
3B	Corn	J	20	

--*

***--84.5 Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 (Continued)**

B Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 When Entire Acreage Claimed on CCC-576 Is Disapproved

Use the following to record prevented planted acreage on FSA-578 when the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is disapproved.

IF the producer has reported prevented planted acreage and COC...	THEN...
disapproved the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • enter “0” in the determined acreage field on FSA-578 • record the reported acreage as determined for all ‘planted’ acres of that crop. <p>Note: If another crop is reported behind disapproved acreage, the crop shall be loaded with an initial status code “I”.</p>

Example 1: Entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is disapproved and **no other crop is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	0

Example 2: Entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is disapproved and **another crop is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	0
3A	Soybeans	I	60	

Example 3: Entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is disapproved and **2 other crops are reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	0
3A	Soybeans	I	30	
3B	Corn	I	30	

--*

***--84.5 Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 (Continued)**

C Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 When Less Than the Acreage Claimed on CCC-576 Is Approved

Use the following to record prevented planted acreage on FSA-578 when less than the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is approved. County Offices shall delineate on the photocopy, fields that are approved and not approved.

IF the producer has reported prevented planted acreage and COC...	THEN...
approved less than the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576	load approved prevented planted acreage from CCC-576 in the determined acreage field on FSA-578. Note: If another crop is reported, only the approved prevented planted acreage shall be loaded on FSA-578 with a subsequent status code. The acreage considered disapproved, shall be loaded on FSA-578 with an initial status code of "I".

Example 1: Less than the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is approved and **no other crop is reported planted.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	50

Example 2: Less than the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is approved and **another crop, not meeting double-cropping rules, is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	50
3A	Corn	I	10	
3B	Corn	J	50	

Example 3: Less than the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is approved and **2 other subsequent crops, not meeting double-cropping rules, are reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	50
3A	Soybeans	I	10	
3B	Soybeans	J	20	
3C	Corn	J	30	

--*

***--84.5 Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 (Continued)**

D Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 When Spot Check or Measurement Service Determines the Entire Reported Acreage Is Prevented Planted

Use the following to record prevented planted acreage on FSA-578 when the entire reported acreage is determined prevented.

IF the producer has reported prevented planted acreage and...	THEN...
the entire reported acreage is determined prevented	load acreage equivalent to the reported acreage in the determined acreage field on FSA-578.

Example 1: When the entire reported acreage is determined prevented and **no other crop is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	60

Example 2: When the entire reported acreage is determined prevented and **another crop, not meeting double-cropping rules, is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	60
3	Soybeans	J	60	

Example 3: When the entire reported acreage is determined prevented and another crop, not meeting double-cropping rules, is reported to only a portion of the acreage.

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	60
3A	Soybeans	J	30	

Example 4: When the entire reported acreage is determined prevented and **2 other crops, not meeting double-cropping rules, are reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	60
3A	Soybean	J	40	
3B	Corn	J	20	

--*

***--84.5 Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 (Continued)**

E Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 When Spot Check or Measurement Service Determines Less Than the Reported Acreage Is Prevented Planted

Use the following to record prevented planted acreage on FSA-578 when less than the entire reported acreage is determined prevented.

IF the producer has reported prevented planted acreage and ...	THEN...
less than the reported acreage is determined prevented	load the acreage determined in the determined acreage field on FSA-578 Note: If another crop is reported, only approved prevented planted shall be loaded on FSA-578 with a subsequent status code. The acreage considered disapproved, shall be loaded on FSA-578 with an initial status code of "I".

Example 1: When entire reported acreage is determined not prevented and **no other crop is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	0

Example 2: When entire reported acreage is determined not prevented and **another crop is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	0
3A	Soybeans	I	60	

Example 3: When entire reported acreage is determined not prevented and **2 other crops are reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	0
3A	Soybeans	I	30	
3B	Corn	I	30	

--*

***--84.5 Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 (Continued)**

F Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 When Spot Check or Measurement Service Determines Less Than the Reported Acreage Is Prevented Planted (Continued)

Example 4: When less than the entire reported acreage is determined prevented and **no other crop is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	30

Example 5: When less than the entire reported acreage is determined prevented and **another crop is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	30
3A	Soybeans	I	30	

Example 6: When less than the entire reported acreage is determined prevented and **2 other crops, not meeting double-cropping rules, are reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	30
3A	Corn	I	30	
3B	Soybeans	J	30	

--*

Part 3 Compliance Reviews and Spot Checks**Section 1 General Guidelines, Applicable Programs, and Selection Process****321 Introduction****A Purpose**

County Offices are required to conduct farm inspections to ensure that producers comply with FSA program requirements.

*--Producers are selected for compliance reviews and spot check through a national selection process. Producers selected shall be spot checked and reviewed for the following programs/activities:

- ALAP
- ACRE
- CRP maintenance and practice checks
- DCP
- ELAP
- FSA-578's
- HELC/WC compliance
- LDP's/MAL's
- LFP, LIP
- MILC
- NAP
- TAP
- SURE.--*

B Time of Inspection

County Offices shall conduct inspections on producers selected through the national selection process at times applicable for the specific program/activity involved. County Offices shall follow applicable program procedure for timing of inspections.

322 National Compliance Review and Spot Check Selections

A National Producer Selection Process

Rather than selecting individual farms, loans, contracts, etc., for compliance reviews, a nationwide selection of producers will be made annually by the National Office using a statistical sampling method. Producers will be selected based on their participation in various programs. FSA employees, committee members, and other required producers are included in the national selection.

Note: Because FSA employees, STC and COC members and other “required producers” are included in the national selection, County Offices shall no longer conduct separate spot checks on required producers.

Early each calendar year, the National Office will post the listing of producers selected for annual compliance reviews on the Intranet at

--<http://fsaintranet.sc.egov.usda.gov/ffas/farbill/ccc/default.htm>--

The national producer selection list will be broken down by State and county. Under each county, the list will display the following:

- producer first and last name and/or business name
- tax ID type (“E”ntity or “S”ocial).

Notes: In some cases, there may be multiple producers in the county with the same name. If County Offices have concerns about which producer has been selected for spot check and review, the County Office shall contact the State Office. The State Office shall contact the National Office for TIN for the selected producer.

Producers may operate as an individual and an entity. The national producer selection list will identify the tax ID type associated with the selected producer. County Offices shall only review farms, loans, contracts, etc., associated with the tax ID type listed.

Example: Joe Farmer farms as an individual and also farms as a member of a partnership. Joe Farmer was selected for 2007 compliance reviews. The national producer selection list included his first and last name and the tax ID type S. In this example Joe Farmer was selected as an individual (based on his tax ID type). Therefore, County Offices shall only check/review farms, loans, and contacts he is associated with as an individual.

Producers will be listed for each State/county they are associated; thus, compliance reviews and spot checks may be performed for a producer in multiple States/counties depending on the scope of the operation.

County Offices shall print and maintain the list of producers selected in their county. The National Office will **not** make another selection of producers for the year.

Note: Not all States and counties may have producers selected for spot check and review.

355 NAP Compliance Reviews (Continued)**C NAP Reports**

Quality control reviews for NAP are required to ensure that NAP is administered according to applicable regulations.

See 1-NAP, Part 10, Section 7 for printing NAP reports.

D Preharvest Inspections

Conduct a preharvest inspection according to LAM, paragraph 148, on any producer with previous questionable loss history.

E LA Reviews

Complete LA reviews according to subparagraph 332 E.

Note: These reviews may be achieved through a combination of field reviews and review of open claims. Performing reviews only of open claims will not satisfy this requirement.

F Second Party Reviews * * *

--Second party reviews are required to ensure that the payment was properly calculated and reviewed by a second party according to 1-NAP, paragraph 503. See 1-NAP, Exhibit 43 for instructions for completing CCC-576.--

356 * * * TAP Compliance Reviews

A Performing Reviews

County Offices shall perform * * * TAP compliance reviews for any producer that participated in * * * TAP that was selected for spot check and review through the national producer selection process in subparagraph 322 A.

During reviews, answers to the following questions shall be recorded for entry into the *--National Compliance Review Database. Data shall be recorded by stand, applicant's share, and crop.

	Question
1	Was a valid signature obtained on the TAP application in the administrative County Office? Yes or No
2	Did the applicant meet RMPR or obtain a waiver on all NAP eligible or insurable crops? Yes, No, or N/A
3	Did the applicant meet definition of SDA, limited resource, or beginning farmer or rancher? Yes or No
4	Were mortality losses the result of an eligible natural disaster? Yes or No
5	Did the applicant complete all practices for the stand as indicated on the TAP application? Yes or No
6	Did the applicant's receipts accurately reflect actual costs incurred for all components of the completed practices? Yes or No <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If yes, no further action is needed. • If no, what was the overpayment or underpayment? \$_____
7	Did the applicant accurately certify that no other benefit was received from any other disaster program for the same loss? Yes or No If yes , what was the name and dollar amount of the other disaster program?

--*

460 Measurement Service Rates

A Mandatory Rates for Performing Measurement Service That Includes Farm Visit

Measurement service rates are charged to recover the County Office cost to perform the service. When an on-site visit is required to perform measurement service, rates set by DAFP apply to all State and County Offices.

Exception: Measurement service fees may be deducted from loan proceeds according to 8-LP, paragraph 427.

STC's will select 1 of the following 2 options as a Statewide rate.

The following table contains the mandatory rates.

Option	Basic Farm Fee <u>1/</u>	Plus Hourly Rate <u>2/</u>	Mileage
1	\$15	\$16 first hour/\$8 every 30 minutes after first hour. Minimum of 1 hour.	Add mileage times the rate published in the latest applicable FI notice.
2	\$30	\$16 first hour/\$8 every 30 minutes after first hour. Minimum of 1 hour.	Mileage charge is included in the basic farm rate. There is no charge for mileage.

1/ This rate:

- was established to recover overhead expenses incurred by the government for items such as office rent, printing supplies, measuring equipment and supplies, and training
- includes costs for processing request, calculating measurements, and notifying producer of results.

Note: Measurement service fees are charged for the farm where the stored commodity will be measured regardless of the number of farms on which the commodity was *--produced. (Only one FSA-409 is required per FSN.) The location where the--* measurement service will be performed is entered in FSA-409, item 1.

2/ This rate was established to recover County Office employee expense and is set at a CO-9 rate. Hourly rate charges begin when the employee leaves the County Office and ends when the employee returns to the County Office. Hourly rate is rounded to the nearest 30-minute increment after the first hour when computing costs.

460 Measurement Service Rates (Continued)

B Services Requiring Rates

Measurement service rates will apply to, but not limited to, the following services:

- measuring crops after planting
- staking and referencing acreages to be planted
- measuring acreage that has been adjusted
- verifying crops and disaster acreage
- appraisals
- remeasuring any acreage that had been measured previously
- measuring or sampling farm-stored commodities
- late-filed fees.

C Mandatory Rates for Performing Measurement Service With No Farm Visit

Measurement service rates, when using digital imagery and on-site visit is **not** required, are set by DAFP and apply to all State and County Offices.

The following contains the mandatory rates when using digital imagery to perform measurement services.

*--

Basic Farm Fee	Plus Hourly Rate
\$15	\$16 first hour/\$8 every 30 minutes after first hour. Minimum of 1 hour.

Note: New fee rates will apply beginning with FY 2012.--*

Part 5.5 Data Sharing***--508 Providing Data to Multiple Peril Crop Insurance Companies, Agents, and LA's - General Information****A Introduction**

This part provides procedure for making FSA-578 producer prints and hard copy maps--* available to private crop insurance company agents and LA's.

Note: See 4-RM for requests for information made in connection with the following:

- claims and other quality control audits
- discrepancy reviews
- suspected program abuse, misuse, or fraud reviews.

B County Office Responsibilities

County Offices shall provide information to crop insurance agents and LA's according to the provisions of this part.

*--**Notes:** County Offices shall only provide 1 copy of the FSA-578 producer print or hard copy map for the farm unless previous years are requested in FSA-426, item 10, or the farm acreage report is **not** complete.

Follow subparagraph 510 B for requests for additional copies.--*

C Unlawful Disclosure

County Offices shall ensure that crop insurance LA's provide proof that the producer has a policy with the agent or company requesting producer information. When a third party submits a FOIA request for information that is subject to the Privacy Act, and the information is **not** required to be released under FOIA, the material may **not** be disclosed without prior written approval of the individual on whom the record is maintained.

--508 Providing Data to Multiple Peril Crop Insurance Companies, Agents, and--
LA's - General Information (Continued)

D Conflict of Interest

County Offices shall be aware of the "Conflict of Interest" policy in the 2005 SRA. According to SRA, Section F, 4, Conflict of Interest, paragraphs v and vi, the insurance company and its service providers shall **not** permit their sales agents, agency employees, sales supervisors, or any relative of its sales agents, agency employees, or sales supervisors to be involved in loss adjustment activities in a county or adjoining county where the agent, agency employee, or sales supervisor performs sales functions (except receipt and transfer to the insurance company of a loss), including the following:

- advising or assisting the policyholder in any manner in preparing the claim and the determination of the indemnity, including but **not** limited to, whether the LA correctly applied loss adjustment procedures
- any other function reserved for LA's in the procedures.

Example: A policyholder filing a claim of crop loss notifies his/her sales agent. The sales agent provides notification of the policyholder's claim filing to the insurance company. The insurance company assigns a crop LA to provide loss adjustment procedures for the policyholder. The sales agent shall no longer be involved with the policyholders crop loss claim except as provided in the SRA, like simplified claims.

509 LA Requests

--A Providing Information to Multiple Peril Crop Insurance Company LA's--

Information provided to LA's shall be used for the express purpose of fulfilling loss adjustment and for loss adjustment associated compliance obligations performed by an LA. Requests for information shall **not** be honored unless a crop claim of loss has been filed.

LA's working loss claims and related compliance activities shall use FSA-426 to request the following information:

- current year FSA-578 producer prints
- *--hard copy map.--*

LA's shall provide in FSA-426, item 6 **only** the last 4 digits of the producer's tax ID number for each producer for whom information is requested. See subparagraph F for an example of a completed FSA-426.

In certain cases, LA's may have loss claim activities that require the use of data from previous years. In those cases, LA's may use FSA-426 to request data from previous years. LA's **must** note in FSA-426, item 10 the years for which the data is requested.

Information requested on FSA-426 for the purpose of crop loss activity is provided at **no charge**. County Offices may mail or FAX the information requested on FSA-426 to LA's if requested.

***--Notes:** County Offices shall only provide 1 copy of the FSA-578 producer print or hard copy map for the farm unless previous years are requested in FSA-426, item 10, or the farm acreage report is **not** complete.

Follow subparagraph 510 B for requests for additional copies.--*

509 LA Requests (Continued)

B Acceptable Proof of Insurance

When submitting a request for information on FSA-426, LA’s shall provide proof that they are authorized access to the producer’s records. Acceptable proof includes 1 or more of the following for the current crop year:

- a producer signed transfer policy document
- a claim document completed or partially completed indicating loss adjustment work will be performed for the producer
- Summary of Insurance Protection
- Notice of Acceptance
- Schedule of Insurance
- written certification on FSA-426.

Note: By signing FSA-426, the insurance company representative certifies that the producer, for whom the information is requested, has a current policy and that the information will be used for the express purpose of fulfilling loss adjustment obligations.

C Processing Requests for Information

County Offices shall fulfill requests for information under this section as promptly as possible. A 3-workday turnaround for responding to the requests is feasible in **most** cases.

Note: The following provides contact information if County Offices receive requests for an unreasonable number of producers.

IF request for an unreasonable number of producers is received in the...	THEN FAX the request to...
County Office	State Office.
State Office	*--Todd Anderson, PECD, Common Processes Section, Section Head, at 202-720-9106.--*

D Workload Requirement

County Offices shall record time spent on providing FSA-426’s in workload items 118 and 210.

E Filing

File processed FSA-426’s by FY in folder CI-1, Reports and Statistics.

510 Crop Insurance Agent Requests

A Providing Information to Crop Insurance Agents

Crop insurance agents do not work loss claims or perform related loss adjustment compliance activities. Therefore, crop insurance agents shall not use FSA-426.

Crop insurance agents may be provided copies of FSA-578 producer prints and maps provided that both of the following are provided:

- a signed statement from the producer authorizing the release of documents to the named agent, specifying the crop year, farm numbers, and any related documents that the producer wishes to be released

Note: FSA shall **not** create a form for this statement.

- payment for the cost for the copies according to subparagraph B.

B Charges for Copies

FSA will charge crop insurance agents for copies as follows:

- FSA-578 producer print - \$0.20 per page
- *--hard copy map; computer print or photocopy.--*

Notes: Payment shall be collected at the time the copies are picked up in the County Office.

County Offices shall **not** provide information to crop insurance agents if a statement is not provided from the producer and the cost is **not** paid. Further, County Offices are **not** responsible for mailing or FAXing copies to crop insurance agents.

County Offices shall use the program code for other reimbursement outlined in 3-FI to account for the money collected for information requests.

511 (Withdrawn--Amend. 48)

512-515 (Withdrawn--Amend. 26)

Reports, Forms, Abbreviations, and Redelegations of Authority

Reports

None.

Forms

This table lists all forms referenced in this handbook.

Number	Title	Display Reference	Reference
AD-1026	Highly Erodible Land Conservation (HELIC) and Wetland Conservation (WC) Certification (Includes Appendix)		20, 353, 357.5, 501
AD-2007	FSA/RMA Compliance Referral		508
AD-2027	RCO Spot Checklist Growing Season Inspection Form		508
CCC-502	Farm Operating Plan for Payment Eligibility Review		357.5
CCC-509	Direct and Counter- Cyclical Program Contract		351
CCC-509 ACRE	Average Crop Revenue Election (ACRE) Program Irrevocable Election		357
CCC-509 Appendix	Appendix to Form CCC-509, Direct and Counter- Cyclical Program Contract		351
CCC-576	Notice of Loss and Application for Payment Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program	Ex. 7	23, 24, 24.5, 355
CCC-576-1	Appraisal/Production Report Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program		332
CCC-579	NAP Approved Yield Compliance Worksheet		355
CCC-580	Milk Income Loss Contract (MILC)		357.9
CCC-580M	Milk Income Loss Contract (MILC) Modification		357.9
CCC-580S	Milk Income Loss Contract (MILC) Supplemental		357.9
CCC-895	Asparagus Revenue Market Loss Assistance Payment (ALAP) Program Application		357.5
CCC-901	Members Information 2009 and Subsequent Years		357.9
CCC-902E	Farm Operating Plan for an Entity 2009 and Subsequent Program Years		357.9
CCC-902I	Farm Operating Plan for an Individual 2009 and Subsequent Program Years		357.9

Reports, Forms, Abbreviations, and Delegations of Authority (Continued)

Forms (Continued)

Number	Title	Display Reference	Reference
CRP-1	Conservation Reserve Program Contract		16, 78, 308, 350, 497
CRP-1 Appendix	Appendix to Form CRP-1, Conservation Reserve Program Contract		16
FSA-54	County Office Work Measurement System		251
FSA-409	Measurement Service Record	461, 464	15, 397, 459, 460, 462
FSA-409A	Measurement Service Request Register	462	459
FSA-426	MPCI/FCIC Information Request Worksheet	509	510
FSA-441	Order for Aerial Photography		491
FSA-468	Notice of Determined Acreage	376	15, 352, 375, 379, 380, 397
FSA-569	NRCS Report of HELC and WC Compliance for Spotcheck Purposes		20, 353
FSA-577	Report of Supervisory Check	332	
FSA-578	Report of Acreage		Text, Ex. 2, 10.5
FSA-603	Collection Register for State and County Offices		459
FSA-658	Record of Production and Yield		357
FSA-682	Supplemental Revenue Assistance Payments Program Application		357.10
FSA-914	Livestock Indemnity Program Application		357.7
FSA-918	Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application		357.6
FSA-925	Livestock Forage Disaster Program Application		357.8
FSA-926	Livestock Indemnity Program - Third Party Certification		357.7
NRCS-CPA-026	Highly Erodible Land and Wetland Conservation Determination		495, 501, 502, 503, 505, 506.5

Reports, Forms, Abbreviations, and Delegations of Authority (Continued)

Abbreviations Not Listed in 1-CM

The following abbreviations are not listed in 1-CM.

Approved Abbreviation	Term	Reference
ALAP	Asparagus Revenue Market Loss Assistance Payment Program	321, 357.5
AV	administrative variance	378, 461
BWEP	Boll Weevil Eradication Program	17
CARS	Crop Acreage Reporting System	Part 2.5
CCD	colony collapsed disorder	357.6
CCM	compressed county mosaic	437
CIMS	Comprehensive Information Management System	22
CVS	Compliance Validation System	41, 308, 308.5
DGPS	Differential Global Positioning System	421
DMLA-III	Dairy Market Loss Assistance Program III	357.9
DOQ	Digital Orthophotography	501, Ex. 2
FAA	Federal Aviation Administration	421
FGDC	Federal Geographic Data Committee	505.5
FMVA	Field Market Value A	357.10
FMVB	Field Market Value B	357.10
FTP	file transfer protocol	501, 504, 505.5, Ex. 37
FW	farmed wetland	353
Gateway	Geospatial Data Gateway	505.5
GDW	Geospatial Data Warehouse	505.5
GPS	global positioning system	390, 394, 420, 421, 460, 463, Ex. 2
ITS	Information Technology Services	421
LAM	Loss Adjustment Manual	355
MDOQ	Mosaic Digital Orthophoto Quadrangle	19, 498, 505.5
MT	Maintenance Tool	394, 463
NAIP	National Agricultural Imagery Program	437, 444, 505.5, 506.6
NHEL	non highly erodible land	494, 502
ODB	object data base	506.5
OFAV	other fruits and vegetables	85, 141

Reports, Forms, Abbreviations, and Delegations of Authority (Continued)

Abbreviations Not Listed in 1-CM (Continued)

Approved Abbreviation	Term	Reference
PFC	Production Flexibility Contract	376
PLSS	Public Land Survey System	506.5
PTPP	Planting Transferability Pilot Program	351, 357
RMPR	risk management purchase requirement	357.6, 357.8, 357.10
SOR	State Office System of Records	322
SRA	Standard Reinsurance Agreement	508
“T” area	transitional area	86
W	wetland	353, 494, 495, 499
WAAS	Wide Area Augmentation System	421

Delegations of Authority

None

Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook

3 D Differential Location

3 D differential location is when the receiver issuing differential data obtained through DGPS operated by the U.S. Coast Guard or WAAS, such as the system operated by FAA and the receiver is using data on at least 4 satellites.

Accurate Report of Acreage

An accurate report of acreage is a producer's correct acreage certification of the crop and land use for the farm or farms, critical to program benefits.

Note: An inaccurate report is used to determine a discrepancy, not the potential advantage to the producer.

Acreage Discrepancy

An acreage discrepancy is when a determined crop acreage exceeds or differs from the allotted or reported acreage by more than the allowable tolerance.

Aerial Compliance

Aerial compliance is a method of determining acreage and updating aerial photography using 35mm slides, digital images, and other approved equipment.

Aerial Compliance Team

The aerial compliance team is FSA employees involved in aerial compliance flights and camera operations.

Adequate Water Supply or Source

--Adequate water supply or source means there will be a reasonable expectation of having-- enough water physically and legally available to carry out good irrigation practices on the entire acreage reported as irrigated for the entire growing season regardless of drought. If the producer knows or had reason to know that the water supply or source is not adequate or their water rights will be limited or reduced to an extent that good irrigation practices are not possible or *--practicable for the entire growing season, then no reasonable expectation exists. It is the--* producer's responsibility to demonstrate a reasonable expectation of receiving adequate water to carry out good irrigation practices on the entire acreage reported as irrigated for the entire growing season. Producer shall be expected to be prepared to provide documentation of the factors which were considered in reporting the acreage as irrigated.

Aerial Photographs

Aerial photographs are rectified enlargements made from negatives by APFO. Aerial photographs can be 24- by 24-inches or 17- by 17-inches. Because of the accuracy of the enlarging method, all images on the prints are usable for measurements.

Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)

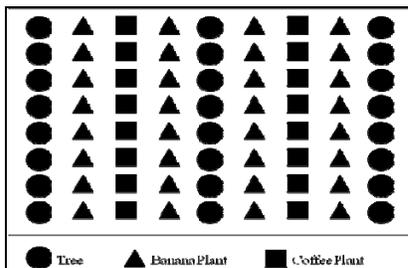
Alidade

An alidade is a telescopic surveying instrument, primarily used by professional engineers and technicians, that is mounted on a plane table that can be leveled and rotated clockwise from north to south to measure angles.

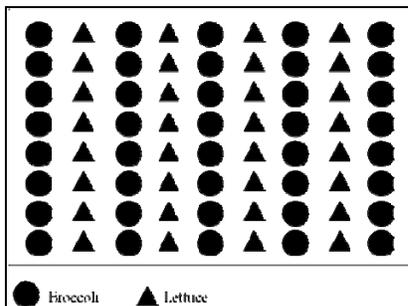
***--Alternate**

Alternate is acreage on which multiple crop species are grown together, usually in 1 or more rows each, in the same crop year. The crop species can grow together with 1 or some completing its or their growth cycle before the other(s). The crops may be grown in a manner that permits, but does not require, separate agronomic maintenance or harvest. This practice does not meet the definitions for interplanted, double-cropping, repeat, or strip/skip cropping practices.

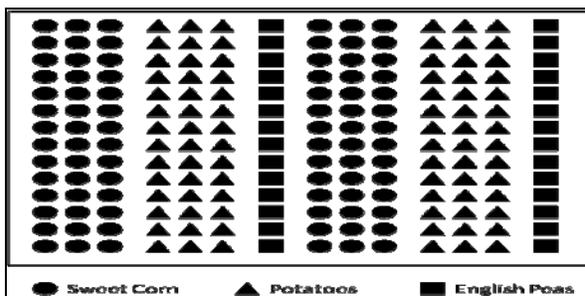
Example 1: A row of trees are alternated with a row of banana plants and a row of coffee plants.



Example 2: A row of lettuce may be alternated with a row of broccoli.



Example 3: Several rows of sweet corn are alternated with several rows of potatoes and 1 row of English peas.



Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)**Attribute**

An attribute is descriptive data attached to CLU.

Chain Tape

A chain tape is a metal measuring tape, graduated in chains and links. One chain is equal to 100 links or 66 feet. One link is equal to 7.92 inches.

Common Land Unit (CLU)

CLU (formerly known as a field), is the smallest unit of land that has a permanent, contiguous boundary, common land cover and land management, common owner, and common producer association.

CLU Layer

A CLU layer is a digital layer made up of a county's CLU's.

Contact Prints

Contact prints are 12- by 12-inch prints of aerial photographs overlapping 50 percent from photo-to-photo, going from north to south and from east to west.

Coverage

Coverage is the total ground area covered by a slide. The coverage area is about 21 percent larger than target area. This eliminates the need to use the edges of the slide, which may be distorted.

Crop Reporting Date

The crop reporting date is the latest date the FSA Administrator will allow the farm operator, farm owner, or their agent to submit a crop acreage report for the report to be considered timely.

Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)***--Good Irrigation Practice**

Good Irrigation Practice means application of adequate water to adequately grow the crop in a reasonable and sufficient manner, at the proper times necessary to produce the irrigated yield expected for the area or individual's established approved yield if applicable.--*

Gross Acreage Factor

The gross acreage factor is a percentage used to convert the permitted acreage or the allotment to the acreage needed to plant the allotted or permitted acreage.

Ground Compliance

Ground compliance is an onsite method for determining acreage and updating aerial photography.

Note: Ground compliance is done by actually going to the field and measuring the acreage using tapes, measuring wheels, and other equipment that can determine the acreage.

Ground Measurement

Ground measurement is the technique of finding the distance between 2 points on the ground using the chain and is expressed in chains and links.

GPS Units

A GPS unit is a device that:

- uses satellite positioning to determine points on the earth
- is authorized for all compliance measurement purposes.

Note: Measurements obtained from GPS coordinates must be taken according to the specifications in paragraph 421.

Initial Crop

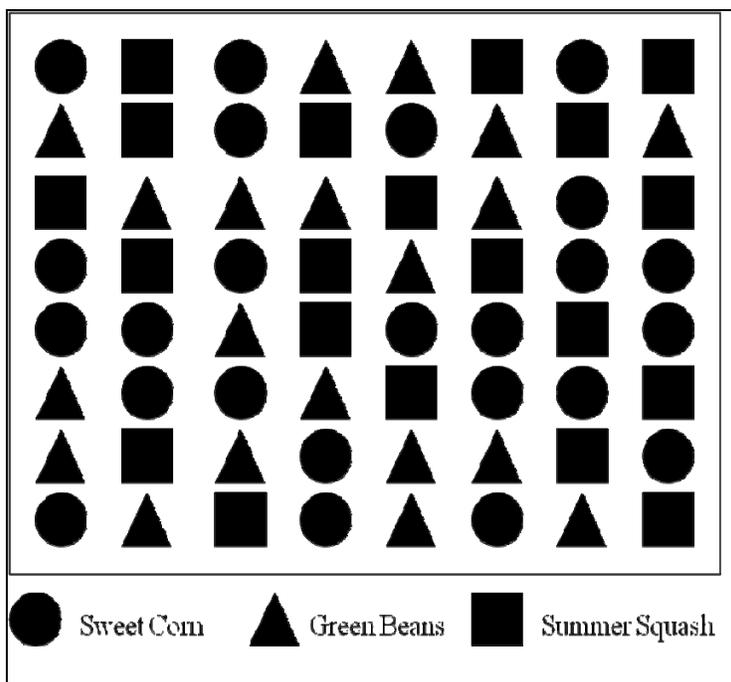
An initial crop is the first crop planted on a field or subdivision during a crop year.

Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)

***--Interplanted**

Interplanted is acreage on which multiple crop species are grown together, with no distinct row pattern, in the same crop year.

Example: Sweet corn, green beans, and summer squash are interplanted in no particular row pattern.



Interseeded

Interseeded is acreage on which 2 or more crop species are sown together or 1 or more crop species are sown into an established stand. This practice most often applies to grasses, grass-like plants, forbs, legumes, or other cover crops sown into a standing crop.--*

Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)

Irrigation

Irrigation means a method of producing a crop by which water is artificially applied in sufficient amounts to grow the applicable crop during the growing season by appropriate systems and at the proper times. Only acreage for which the producer has both the following, to carry out good irrigation practice for the crop, may be considered irrigated acreage:

- adequate irrigation equipment and facilities
- physical and legal control and physical and legal access to an adequate volume of water needed to irrigate a crop in a reasonable and sufficient manner for the entire growing season.

Important: Surface water, such as a lake, pond, or natural flowing river, stream, brook or creek may be the source of water for irrigating crops; however, the acreage adjacent to such water shall not be considered irrigated acreage based solely on its proximity to the water.

Irrigation Equipment and Facilities

Irrigation Equipment and Facilities means the physical resources, other than water, used to regulate the flow of water from a water source to the acreage. This includes, but is not limited to, pumps, valves, sprinkler heads, turn-outs, gates and other water utilization devices.

Note: A functioning center pivot irrigation system is considered irrigation equipment and facilities.

Key County Office

The key County Office is the County Office that provides aerial compliance flight service for itself, other County Offices, or both.

Late-Filed FSA-578

A late-filed FSA-578 is a report that has not been filed by the reporting date according to paragraph 18.

*--Multi-Use Crop

A multi-use crop is 1 crop that is used for multiple purposes.

Example: Bananas harvested for both their leaves and fruit is a multi-use crop.--*

Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)

Staking and Referencing

Staking and referencing is the determination of acreage before planting, designating, or adjusting by:

- planimetering or digitizing a delineated area on photography or computing the chains and links from ground measurement
- sketching the field or subdivision
- placing markers on the ground and noting the position
- guaranteeing the acreage which is later planted, designated, or adjusted within the staked area
- placing markers on the land to allow a producer to accurately plant, designate, or adjust acreage.

Standard Deduction

Standard deduction is an acreage allowance determined for the turn area by applying a percent of the area planted to the crop, instead of measuring the turn areas. COC deviations from the standard must be reasonable and justifiable for the crop and area affected.

Strip-Crop Pattern

A strip-crop pattern is a cultural practice of alternating strips of crops and idle land or other crops.

Subdivision

A subdivision is a part of a field that is separated from the balance of the field by temporary boundary, such as a cropline that could be easily moved or will likely disappear.

Subsequent Crop

A subsequent crop is the crop planted after the second crop on the same field or subdivision within a crop year or a second crop that does not meet double-cropping requirements in 1-PF.

Target

The target is the:

- area on the ground
- subject of the slide.

Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)**Target Length**

The target length is the dimension of the long side of the target. The target length is always the relationship to the land side (36mm) of the slide.

Target Width

The target width is the dimension of the short side of the target. The target width is always in relationship to the short side (24mm) of the slide.

Temporary Boundary

A temporary boundary is an easily movable boundary generally recognizable, including croplines and turn areas between fields.

Temporary, Fixed Point

A temporary, fixed point is a point that is easy to identify and easily movable. A stake referenced to a permanent point or a permanent point on a permanent boundary is a fixed point.

Tolerance

Tolerance is a prescribed amount within which the reported acreage and/or production of a crop may differ from the determined acreage and/or production and still be considered in compliance.

Turn Area

Turn area is the area perpendicular to the crop row that is necessary for turning operating equipment. A turn area is also called turn row, headland, or end row.

Verifying Acreage

Verifying acreage is any method used to prove the accuracy of the reported acreage and land use and compliance with program requirements.

***--Volunteer Crop**

A volunteer crop is a crop that was planted in a previous crop year on the applicable acreage or drifted from other acreage, successfully self-seeded, and is growing this crop year on the applicable acreage without being intentionally sown or managed.--*

Zero Acreage

Zero acreage is when no crop acreage was planted on the farm for the year.

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578

The following lists the crop names, crop codes, abbreviations, intended uses, and land uses for crops and aquaculture reported on FSA-578.

Notes: Except for sorghum, crops historically reported with intended uses “Sg”, “Hy”, “Gc”, or “Hg” shall now be reported with an intended use of “Fg”.

When a crop has both “Gr” and “Sd” as intended uses, the intended use of “Sd” should be used to report hybrid seed.

When a small grain crop is planted and had 2 intended uses of grain and grazing, the intended use of “Gs” shall be used.

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Acerola (Barbados Cherry)	0172	AZARL			FH	F
Alfalfa	0027	ALFAL			*--CO, FG, GZ, LS, SD--*	
Algae	3003	ALGAE	Ogo (Red)	OGO	FH, PR	
Almonds	0028	ALMND			blank	F
Aloe Vera	9032	ALOEV			SD or blank	
Amaranth Grain	0516	AMAGR			GR	
Ambrosia	0520	AMBRO			PR	
Antidesma	1165	ANTID			FH	F
Apples	0054	APPLE	Common	COM	FH, JU, PR, RS	F
			Specialty	SPC	FH, JU, PR, RS	F
Note: The type “SPC – Specialty” includes Fuji, Braeburn, Gala, Jona Gold, Crispin, Honeycrisp, Sommerfeld, Royal Gala, Macoun, Cameo, and Pink Lady. All other types are considered “COM – Common”.						
Apricots	0326	APRCT			FH, PR, RS	F
Aronia (Chokeberry)	0143	ARONI			FH, PR	F
Artichokes	0458	ARTIC			FH, PR, SD	F
Asparagus	0104	ASPRG			FH, PR, RS, SD	F
Atemoya (Custard Apple)	0997	ATMYA			FH, PR	F
Avocados	0106	AVOCD			FH, PR	F
Bamboo Shoots	0111	BAMBO			FH, PR	F

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Bananas	0173	BANAN	Baby	BAB	FH, LV, PR	F
			Bluefield	BFB	FH, LV, PR	F
			Brazilian	BRZ	FH, LV, PR	F
			Cavendish	CVB	FH, LV, PR	F
			Johnson	JON	FH, LV, PR	F
			Thai	THA	FH, LV, PR	F
Barley	0091	BARLY	Hulless	HUL	*--CO, FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Spring Barley	SPR	CO, FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Waxy Barley	WXY	CO, FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Winter Barley	WTR	CO, FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD--*	
Beans (exempt from FAV)	0047	BEANS	Adzuki	ADZ	DE, SD	
			Castor	CAS	DE, SD	
			Lupine	LUP	DE, SD	
			Mung	MUN	DE, FG, SD	
Beans	0047	BEANS	Anasazi	ANA	FG, GM	
			Anasazi	ANA	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Baby Lima	BBL	FG, GM	
			Baby Lima	BBL	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Black Turtle	BTU	FG, GM	
			Black Turtle	BTU	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Butter	BUT	FG, GM	
			Butter	BUT	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Canario - Yellow	CAN	FG, GM	
			Canario - Yellow	CAN	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Chinese String	CHI	FG, GM	
			Chinese String	CHI	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Cranberry	CRA	FG, GM	
			Cranberry	CRA	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Dark Red Kidney	DRK	FG, GM	
			Dark Red Kidney	DRK	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Fava	FAV	FG, GM	
			Fava	FAV	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Flat Small White	FSW	FG, GM	
			Flat Small White	FSW	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Garbanzo, Small Desi (Chickpeas)	GAD	DE, FG, FH, GM, PR, SD	
			Garbanzo, Small Kabuli (Chickpeas)	GAS	DE, FG, FH, GM, PR, SD	
Garbanzo, Large Kabuli (Chickpeas)	GAR	DE, FG, FH, GM, PR, SD				
Great Northern	GTN	FG, GM				
Great Northern	GTN	DE, FH, PR, SD	F			

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Brussel Sprouts	0112	BRUSL			FH, PR, SD	F
Buckwheat	0114	BUKWT			*--CO, GM, GR, SD--*	
Cabbage	0116	CABAG	Choy Sum Cabbage	CHO	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Hybrid Cabbage	HYB	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Napa Cabbage	NAP	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Open Pollinated	OPN	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Red Cabbage	RED	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Savoy	SAV	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
Cactus	2050	CACTS			FH	
Caimito	1166	CAMTO			FH, PR	F
Calabaza Melon	9999	CALAB			FH	F
Calaloo	9056	CALAL			FH	F
Camelina	0033	CAMEL	Camelina		PR, SD	
Canary Melon	9998	CANAR			FH, SD	F
Canary Seed	9039	CNRSD			SD	
Caneberries	6000	CANBR	Apache Blackberries	APC	FH, PR	F
			Arapaho Blackberries	ARA	FH, PR	F
			Black Raspberries	BLK	FH, PR	F
			Boysenberries	BOY	FH, PR	F
			Cascadeberries	CAS	FH, PR	F
			Chester Blackberries	CHT	FH, PR	F
			Chickasaw Blackberries	CHI	FH, PR	F
			Doyle Blackberries	DOY	FH, PR	F
			Evergreen Blackberries	EVG	FH, PR	F
			Kiowa/Ouachita Blackberries	KIO	FH, PR	F
			Kotata Blackberries	KOT	FH, PR	F
			Loganberries	LOG	FH, PR	F
			Marionberries	MAR	FH, PR	F
			Natchez Blackberries	NAT	FH, PR	F
			Navaho Blackberries	NAV	FH, PR	F
			Olallieberries	OLA	FH, PR	F
			Red Raspberries	RED	FH, PR	F
Tayberries	TAY	FH, PR	F			
Triple Crown Blackberries	TRI	FH, PR	F			
Canistel	9057	CANIS			FH	F

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Canola	0711	CANOL	Fall Seeded	FAL	*--CO, FG, SD	
			Spring Canola	SPR	CO, FG, SD--*	
Cantaloupes	0759	CANTL			FH, SD	F
Carambola (Star Fruit)	0999	CRMBA			FH	F
Carob	0494	CAROB			PR	F
Carrots	0120	CARRT	Hybrid	HYB	FH, PR, SD	F
			Mini Carrots	MNE	FH, PR, SD	F
			Open Pollinated	OPN	FH, PR, SD	F
Casaba Melon	9997	CASAS			FH	F
Cashew	1291	CASHE			blank	F
Cassava	0174	CASAV	Beige	BGE	FH	F
			White	WHT	FH	F
Cauliflower	0124	CLFLW			FH, PR, SD	F
Celeriac	0509	CLERI			FH, PR, SD	F
Celery	0126	CLERY			FH, PR, SD	F
Cherimoya (Sugar Apple)	8045	CHRMY			FH	F
Cherries	0128	CHERY	Chokecherry	CHK	FH, PR	F
			Jamaica	JAM	FH, PR	F
			Sweet	SWT	FH, PR	F
			Tart	TRT	FH, PR	F
Chestnuts	0375	CHENT			FH or blank	F
Chia	0840	CHIA			FH, PR, RS	
Chickpea (see Beans, Garbanzo)						
Chicory/Radicchio	0511	CHICO	Common	COM	FG, GZ	
			Common	COM	FH, RS, SD	F
			Witloof	WIT	FG, GZ	
			Witloof	WIT	FH, RS, SD	F
Chinese Bitter Melon	9996	CHIBT			FH	F

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Christmas Trees	7321	CHRUT	Afghan Pine	AFG	FH, RS	
			Arizona Cypress	ARI	FH, RS	
			Austrian Pine	AUS	FH, RS	
			Balsam Fir	BAL	FH, RS	
			Blue Spruce	BLU	FH, RS	
			Canaan Fir	CAN	FH, RS	
			Carolina Sapphire	CAR	FH, RS	
			Colorado Blue Spruce	COL	FH, RS	
			Concolor Fir	CON	FH, RS	
			Douglas	DOU	FH, RS	
			Engelman Spruce	ENG	FH, RS	
			Frasier Fir	FRA	FH, RS	
			Grand Fir	GRD	FH, RS	
			Korean Fir	KOR	FH, RS	
			Leyland	LEY	FH, RS	
			Meyer Spruce	MEY	FH, RS	
			Noble Fir	NOB	FH, RS	
			Nordman Fir	NRD	FH, RS	
			Norway Pine/Red Pine	NRP	FH, RS	
			Norway Spruce	NOR	FH, RS	
Red Cedar	RED	FH, RS				
Scotch Pine	SCO	FH, RS				
Serbian Spruce	SER	FH, RS				
Va Pine	VAP	FH, RS				
White Pine	WPN	FH, RS				
White Spruce	WHT	FH, RS				
Chufes	0645	CHUFS			SD	F
Cinnamon	1298	CINNA			blank	
Citron Melon	9995	CTRON			FH	F
Clover	0265	CLOVR	Alsike Clover	ALS	*--CO, FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Alyce Clover	ALC	CO, FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Arrowhead Clover	AHD	CO, FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Arrowleaf	ARL	CO, FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Ball Clover	BAL	CO, FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Berseem Clover	BER	CO, FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Crimson Clover	CRM	CO, FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Kura Clover	KUR	CO, FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Mammoth Clover	MAM	CO, FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Purple Prairie	PPR	CO, FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Red Clover	RED	CO, FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Sub Clover	SUB	CO, FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			White Clover	WHT	CO, FG, GM, GZ, SD	
Yellow	YEL	CO, FG, GM, GZ, SD--*				
Coconuts	0175	COCON			FH	F

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Coffee	0176	COFFE	Arabica	ARA	PR	F
			Liberica	LIB	PR	F
			Robusta Coffee	ROB	PR	F
Conservatoin Stewardship Program	0097	CSP				
Corn	0041	CORN	Amylose	AMY	FG, FH, GR, GZ, LS, PR, SD	
			Grainless Forage	GLF	FG, GZ	
			Ornamental	ORN	FG, FH, GR, GZ, LS, PR, SD	
			Popcorn	POP	FG, FH, GR, GZ, LS, PR, SD	
			Strawberry Popcorn	PSN	FG, FH, GR, GZ, LS, PR, SD	
			Tropical	TRO	FG, FH, GR, GZ, LS, PR, SD	
			White	WHE	FG, GR, GZ, LS, SD	
			Yellow	YEL	FG, GR, GZ, LS, SD	
			Red	RED	FG, GR, GZ, LS	
			Blue	BLU	FG, GR, GZ, LS	
			Blue	BLU	FH, PR, SD	F
			Corn Nuts	NUT	FG, GR, GZ, LS	
			Corn Nuts	NUT	FH, PR, SD	F
			Sweet	SWT	FG, GR, GZ, LS	
Sweet	SWT	FH, PR, SD	F			
Cotton, Els	0022	ELSCN			Blank	
Cotton, Upland	0021	UPCN			Blank	
Crambe (Colewort)	0714	CRAMB			SD	
Cranberries	0058	CRNBR			FH PR	F
Crenshaw Melon	9994	CRENS			FH SD	F
CRP	0099	CRP			1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, *-67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, or 73--*	
Crustacean	3002	CRUST	Crab	CRB	FH, PR	
			Crayfish	CRA	FH, PR	
			Gobo Shrimp	GOB	FH, PR	
			Large Shrimp	LGE	FH, PR	
			Medium Shrimp	MED	FH, PR	
			Prawns	PRW	FH, PR	
			Small Shrimp	SML	FH, PR	

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Cucumbers	0132	CUCUM	Common	COM	FH, PR, SD	F
			English	ENG	FH, PR, SD	F
			Pickling	PKL	FH, PR, SD	F
Currants	0325	CURRN			FH, PR	F
Dasheen/Taro Root/Malanga	0177	DASHE	Purple	PUR	FH	F
			White	WHT	FH	F
Dates	0496	DATES			FH, PR	F
Eggplant	0318	EGGPL	Cherry Eggplant	CHE	FH, PR, SD	F
			European	EUR	FH, PR, SD	F
			Mini Eggplant	MIN	FH, PR, SD	F
			Oriental	ORN	FH, PR, SD	F
--Einkorn	0136	EINKN			GR--	
Elderberries	0032	ELDER	Brush Hills	BSH	FH, PR	F
			Cherokee	CHE	FH, PR	F
			Mill Creek	MIL	FH, PR	F
Emergency Watershed/Floodplain	3025	EWFP			blank	
Emmer	0133	EMMER			GR	
EQIP	0098	EQIP			blank	
Fallow	0101	FALOW			blank	
Figs	0060	FIGS	Adriatic	ADR	FH	F
			Black Mission	BMF	FH	F
			Brown Turkey	BTK	FH	F
			Calimyrna	CAL	FH	F
			Kadota	KDT	FH	F
Finfish	3000	FINFH	Almaco Jack	JAK	FH, PR	
			Awa	AWA	FH, PR	
			Bighead Carp	BIG	FH, PR	
			Black Tilapia	BLK	FH, PR	
			Bluegill	BLU	FH, PR	
			Channel Catfish	CHN	FH, PR	
			Chinese Carp	CHI	FH, PR	
			Chinese Catfish	CNS	FH, PR	
			Crappie	CRP	FH, PR	
			Diploid Amur	DIP	FH, PR	

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Finfish (Continued)	3000	FINFH	Flounder	FLN	FH, PR	
			Guppy	GUP	FH, PR	
			Haplochromine Tropical	HAP	FH, PR	
			Koi Carp	KOI	FH, PR	
			Lamprologuine Tropical	LAM	FH, PR	
			Large Mouth Bass	LGE	FH, PR	
			Mbuna Chichlid Tropical	MBU	FH, PR	
			Minnows	MNW	FH, PR	
			Perch	PER	FH, PR	
			Red Tilapia	RDT	FH, PR	
			Redfish	RED	FH, PR	
			Shellcrack	SHL	FH, PR	
			Shubunkin Carp	SHU	FH, PR	
			Small Mouth Bass	SML	FH, PR	
			Striped Bass	STR	FH, PR	
			Sturgeon (Caviar)	STU	FH, PR	
			Tanganyika Tropical	TAN	FH, PR	
			Threadfin Shad	THD	FH, PR	
			Triploid Amur	TRI	FH, PR	
			Tropical	TRO	FH, PR	
Trout	TRT	FH, PR				
Flax	0031	FLAX	Common	COM	*--CO, OL, PR, SD	
			Lewis/Wild Blue	LWB	CO, SD	
			Linola	LIN	CO, SD--*	
Flowers	7501	FLOWR	Achillea	ACH	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Acronlinium	ACR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			African Violet	AFV	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Agapanthus	AGA	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Ageratum	AGR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Allium	ALL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Alstroemeria	ALS	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Amaranth	AMR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Amaryllis	AMA	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Ammobium	AMM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Anemone	ANM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Anthurium	ANT	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Anthurium Obake	ANO	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Anthurium Pastel	ANP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Anthurium Red	ANR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Artemesia	ART	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Aspen Daisy	ASP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Flowers (Continued)	7501	FLOWR	Stock	STC	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Strawflowers	STW	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Sunflowers	SUN	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Swamp Milkweed	SWM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Sweet Annie	SWA	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Sweet Pea	SWP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Sweet William	SWW	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Tansy	TAN	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Thistle Globe	THG	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Tigridia	TIG	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Trachelium	TRA	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Tritoma	TRI	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Tuberose	TUB	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Tulip	TUL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Umbrella Plant	UMB	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Verbena	VRB	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Veronica	VER	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Water Hyacinth	WAT	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Waxflower	WAX	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Wild Gyp	WLD	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
Wildflowers	WIL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE				
Wood Lilies	WOD	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE				
Xeranthemum	XER	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE				
Yarrow	YAR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE				
Zinnia	ZIN	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE				
Forage Soybean/Sorghum	0125	FORSS			FG, GZ	
Gailon/Gai Lein /Chinese Broccoli	0953	GALON			FH, PR, RS, SD	
Galanga	7041	GALAX			FH, PR, RS, SD	F
*--Garden, Commercial	0773	CMGRD			blank	
Garden, Home	0772	HMGRD			blank--*	
Garlic	0423	GARLC	Common	COM	FH, PR, SD	
			Elephant Garlic	ELE	FH, PR, SD	
Genip	1292	GENIP			FH	F
Ginger	0178	GINGR			FH, PR, SD	
Ginseng	0089	GINNS			FH, SD	
Gooseberries	0424	GOOBR			FH, PR	F

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Gourds	0322	GORDS	Chinese Okra	OKR	FH, PR, SD	F
			Common	COM	FH, PR, SD	
			Indian	IND	FH, PR, SD	
			Ornamental	ORN	FH, PR, SD	
Grapefruit	0030	GFRUT	Rio Red/Star Ruby	SRJ	FH, JU, PR	F
			Ruby Red	RRJ	FH, JU, PR	F
			Seedy	SDY	FH, JU, PR	F
			White	WHT	FH, JU, PR	F
Grapes	0053	GRAPE	*--Adalmina	ADA	FH, PR	F--*
			Aglanica	AGL	FH, PR	F
			Alicante-Bouschet	ALB	FH, PR	F
			Almeria	ALM	FH, PR	F
			Aurora	AUR	FH, PR	F
			Autumn Royal	AUT	FH, PR	F
			Baco Noir	BAC	FH, PR	F
			Barberas	BAR	FH, PR	F
			Beauty Seedless	BTY	FH, PR	F
			Beta	BTA	FH, PR	F
			Black Mission	BLM	FH, PR	F
			Black Seedless	BLA	FH, PR	F
			***	***	***	***
			Black Spanish/Lenoir	BSL	FH, PR	F
			Blanc Dubois	BDB	FH, PR	F
			***	***	***	***
			Blanc Seedless	BLN	FH, PR	F
			Bluebell	BLU	FH, PR	F
			Brianna	BRI	FH, PR	F
			Buffalo/Rubiana	BUF	FH, PR	F
			Burger	BUR	FH, PR	F
			Cabernet	CAB	FH, PR	F
			Cabernet Franc	CBF	FH, PR	F
			Cabernet Pfeffer	CPF	FH, PR	F
			Cabernet Sauvignon	CBS	FH, PR	F
			Calmeria	CAL	FH, PR	F
			Campbell	CAM	FH, PR	F
			Canadice	CAD	FH, PR	F
			Cardinal	CDR	FH, PR	F
			Carignane	CAR	FH, PR	F
			Carmenet	CRM	FH, PR	F
			Carnelian	CAN	FH, PR	F
			--Carmine	CMN	FH, PR	F--
			Cascade	CAC	FH, PR	F
Castel	CAS	FH, PR	F			
Catawba	CAT	FH, PR	F			
Cayuga	CAY	FH, PR	F			

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Grapes (Continued)	0053	GRAPE	Chambourcin	CMB	FH, PR	F
			Chancellor	CHN	FH, PR	F
			Chardonel	CHD	FH, PR	F
			Chardonnay	CHA	FH, PR	F
			Chelois	CHE	FH, PR	F
			Chenin Blanc	CHB	FH, PR	F
			Christmas Rose	CHR	FH, PR	F
			Cinsaut	CIN	FH, PR	F
			Clinton	CLI	FH, PR	F
			Colobel	COB	FH, PR	F
			Columbard French	COL	FH, PR	F
			Concord	CON	FH, PR	F
			Corot Noir	CRN	FH, PR	F
			Counoise	COS	FH, PR	F
			Courduric	COU	FH, PR	F
			Crimson	CRI	FH, PR	F
			Crimson Seedless	CSL	FH, PR	F
			Cynthia	CYN	FH, PR	F
			Cynthiana	CYT	FH, PR	F
			Dechaunac	DEC	FH, PR	F
			Delaware	DEL	FH, PR	F
			Diamond	DIA	FH, PR	F
			Dolcetto	DOL	FH, PR	F
			Dornfelder	DRN	FH, PR	F
			Dutchess	DUT	FH, PR	F
			Edelweiss	EDE	FH, PR	F
			Einsett	EIN	FH, PR	F
			Elvira	ELV	FH, PR	F
			Emerald Riesling	EMR	FH, PR	F
			--Emerald Seedless	EMS	FH, PR	F--
			Emperors	EPP	FH, PR	F
			Espirit	ESP	FH, PR	F
			Exotic	EXT	FH, PR	F
			Fantasy	FAN	FH, PR	F
			Fiesta	FST	FH, PR	F
			Flame Seedless	FLS	FH, PR	F
			Flora	FLR	FH, PR	F
			Foch	FOC	FH, PR	F
			Fosch	FOS	FH, PR	F
			Fredonia	FRE	FH, PR	F
			Frontenac	FRO	FH, PR	F
			Frontenac Gris	FRG	FH, PR	F
Gamay/Napa Gamay	GAM	FH, PR	F			
Gamay Beaujolais	GAB	FH, PR	F			

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Grapes (Continued)	0053	GRAPE	Geneva Red #7	GEN	FH, PR	F
			Gewurtztraminer	GEW	FH, PR	F
			Green Hungarian	GRH	FH, PR	F
			Grenache	GRE	FH, PR	F
			Grey Riesling	GRY	FH, PR	F
			Himrod	HIM	FH, PR	F
			Isabella	ISA	FH, PR	F
			Italia	ITA	FH, PR	F
			Ives	IVE	FH, PR	F
			Jupiter	JPT	FH, PR	F
			Kay Gray	KAY	FH, PR	F
			Kerner	KER	FH, PR	F
			King Of The North	KON	FH, PR	F
			Kyoho	KYO	FH, PR	F
			Lacrescent	LCT	FH, PR	F
			Lacrosse	LAC	FH, PR	F
			Lakemont	LAK	FH, PR	F
			--Landot Noir	LDN	FH, PR	F--
			Lemberger	LEM	FH, PR	F
			Leon Millot/Millot	LEO	FH, PR	F
			--Louise Swenson	LOU	FA, PR	F--
			Malbec	MAL	FH, PR	F
			Malvasia Bianca	MAB	FH, PR	F
			Malvoisie Black	MSB	FH, PR	F
			Marchel Foch	MAC	FH, PR	F
			Marque	MAR	FH, PR	F
			Marquette	MRQ	FH, PR	F
			Mars	MAS	FH, PR	F
			--Marsanne	MRS	FH, PR	F--
			Mataro/Mourvedre	MAT	FH, PR	F
			Melody	MDY	FH, PR	F
			Melon	MEL	FH, PR	F
			Meriot	MRT	FH, PR	F
			Merlot	MER	FH, PR	F
			Meunier	MEU	FH, PR	F
			Meyers	MYR	FH, PR	F
			--Midnight Beauty/Sugrathirteen	MBS	FH, PR	F--
			Mission	MIS	FH, PR	F
			Missouri Riesling	MOR	FH, PR	F
			Mullerthurgau	MUL	FH, PR	F
			Muscadine	MUS	FH, PR	F
			Muscat	MUC	FH, PR	F
			Muscat Blanc/M. Canelli	MUB	FH, PR	F
			Muscat Hamburg	MUH	FH, PR	F
Muscat Of Alexander	MUA	FH, PR	F			
Muscat Ottonel	MUO	FH, PR	F			
Muscat, Golden	MUG	FH, PR	F			

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Grapes (Continued)	0053	GRAPE	Voignier	VOI	FH, PR	F
			White Cayuga	WCY	FH, PR	F
			White Malaga	WML	FH, PR	F
			White Riesling/Johannisberg	WHR	FH, PR	F
			Zinfandel	ZIN	FH, PR	F
Grass	0102	GRASS	Aeschynomene	AES	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Alkalai	ALK	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Altai Wild Rye	AWR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			American Mamegrass	AME	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			American Sloughgrass	ASG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			American Vetch	AMV	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Annual Ryegrass	RAN	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Arctared Fescue	FAC	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Argentine Bahia	ARG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Arizona	ARI	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Bahalia	BAH	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Bahia	BHI	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Barbed Wire	BRB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Baron Goto	BAR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Basin Wild Rye	BAS	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Bearded Fescue	FSB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Beardless Wildrye	BER	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Big Blue	BBL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Big Bluestem	BLB	*--FG, GZ, LS, PR, SD, SO--*	
			Blue Bunch Wheat	WBB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Blue Grama	GBU	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Blue Panic	BPG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Blue Wild Rye	BWR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Bluegrass, Alpine	BAL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Bluejoint	BLJ	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Bluejoint Reedgrass	BJR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Bosioski Wild Rye	BOS	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Bottlebrush Squirreltail Bunchgrass	BSB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Broadleaf Signal	BRD	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Buffalo	BUF	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Buffel	BFF	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			California (Para)	CAL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			California Brome	CFB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			California Oat	COG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Canadian Bluegrass	CBG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Canadian Milkvetch	CMV	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
Canadian Wild Ryegrass	RCW	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO				

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Grass (Continued)	0102	GRASS	Canary	CAN	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Canby	CBY	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Carex (Wildlife Cover)	CAR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Centipede	CEN	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Coastal Bermuda	BCS	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Colonial Bentgrass	BGC	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Common Bermuda	BCM	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Crabgrass	CRG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Creeping Bentgrass	BCR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Crested Wheat	WCR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Dallis	DAL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Deertongue	DER	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Dichondra	DCH	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			E/Koa	KOA	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Eastern Grama	EAS	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Egyptian Wheat	WRG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Emerald	EME	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Fescue, Chewing	FCH	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Fescue, Hard	FSH	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Fescue, Meadow	FME	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Fescue, Red	FRE	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Fescue, Rough	FRO	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Fescue, Tall	FTA	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Galleta	GAL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Garrison Creeping Fxtl	CFG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			George Black Medic	GBM	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Gordo Bluestem	BLG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Gramma, Blue Hachita	GBH	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Gramma, Blue Lovington	GBL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Gramma, Hairy	GHA	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Gramma, Side Oats	GSO	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Green Needle	GNE	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Green Panic	GPG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Green Sprangle Top	GST	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Guinea	GUI	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Hilo	HIL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Hontax	HON	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Hybrid Bent	HBG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Hybrid Bermuda	BGH	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Idaho Fescue	IDA	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Illinois Bundle Flower	ILL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Indian	ING	*--FG, GZ, LS, PR, SD, SO--*	
			Indian Ricegrass	IRG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Grass (Continued)	0102	GRASS	Intermediate Ryegrass	RIN	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Intermediate Wheat	WIN	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Johnson	JOH	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Jose Tall Wheatgrass	JOS	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Junegrass	JUN	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Kalms Brome	BRK	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Kentucky 31 Fescue	KEN	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Kentucky Bluegrass	BLK	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Kikuyu	KIK	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Kleberg Bluestem	KLB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Klein	KLE	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Leriope	LER	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Limpo Grass	LMP	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Limosine	LIM	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Little Bluestem	BLL	*--FG, GZ, LS, PR, SD, SO--*	
			Magnar	MAG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Mammoth Wild	MAM	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Mason Sandhill Lovegrass	LMS	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Matua	MAT	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Maxmillian Sunflower	MAX	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Meadow	MBG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Meadow Foxtail	MFG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Medio Bluestem	BLM	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Miscanthus	MIS	FG, GZ, LS, PR, SD, SO	
			Mountain Brome	BRM	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Mutton	MUT	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Napier	NAP	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Native	NAG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Needle And Thread	NAT	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Newhy Hybrid Wheatgrass	NEW	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Norcoast Tufted Hairgrass	HNC	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Nortran Tufted Hairgrass	HNT	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Old World Bluestem	BOW	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Orchard	ORG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Other Bent	BGO	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Other Brome	BRO	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Other Creeping Foxtail	CFO	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Pampas	PAM	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Pangola	PAN	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Perennial Ryegrass	RPE	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Pitcher Sage	PIT	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Plains Blue Stems	PBL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
Plains Bristle	PLB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO				
Polar Brome	BRP	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO				
Prairie	PRA	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO				

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Grass (Continued)	0102	GRASS	Prairie Cordgrass	PRC	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Prairie Dropseed	PRD	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Prairie June	PJG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Prarie Sandreed	PRS	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Pubescent Wheat	WPU	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Red Ratibita	RRA	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Redtop	RDT	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Reed Canary	RCA	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Regar Brome	BRR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Rhodes	RHO	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			River Oats	RIV	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Riverbank Wildrye	RVB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Roemers Fescue	FSR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Rough Bluegrass	BLH	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Ruff Fairway Crstd Wht Grs	WRF	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Rugby Bluegrass	BLR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Russian Wild Ryegrass	RRW	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Sainfoin	SAI	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Saint Augustine	STA	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Sand Bluestem	BLS	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Sand Dropseed	SDR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Sand Lovegrass	LSA	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Sandberg Bluegrass	SDB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Secar Bluebunch	SEC	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Siberian Wheat	WSI	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Silky Wildrye	SIL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Slender Hair	SLE	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Slender Wild Rye	SWR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Small Burnett	SMB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Smooth Brome	SMO	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Smut	SMT	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Soft Stem Blurush	SSB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Spike Muhley	SPI	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Sprigs Bermuda	BSP	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Stargrass	STR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Sudan	SUD	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Sun	SUN	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Switch	SWI	*--FG, GZ, LS, PR, SD, SO--*	
			Thick Spike Wheatgrass	TSW	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Timothy	TIM	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Trailhead Basin	TRL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Trailhead Basin Wild Rye	TBW	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Trudane	TRU	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Grass (Continued)	0102	GRASS	Tufted Hairgrass	THG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Tundra Bluegrass	TBL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Turf	TUR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			--Vetiver	VET	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SE, SO--	
			Virginia Wild Rye	VWR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Virginia Wildrye	VIR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Wainaku	WAI	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Water Foxtail	WAT	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Weeping Lovegrass	LWE	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Western Wheatgrass	WWE	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Wheat Streambank	WST	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Wheat , Slender	WSL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Wheat , Tall	WTA	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Wheeler Bluegrass	WHB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			White Prairie Clover	WPR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Wild Berganot	WBG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Wilmon Lovegrass	WIL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Yellow Bluestem	BLY	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
Zoysia	ZOY	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO				
Grassland Reserve Program	1250	GRP			blank, FG, or GZ	
Greens	4000	GREEN	Arugula	ARU	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Asian	ASI	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Chinese Mustard	CHN	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Chinese Spinach/Amaranth	CHI	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Collards	COL	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD SE	F
			Common Kale	COM	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD SE	F
			Cressie	CRE	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Curly Endive	CUR	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Dandelions	DAN	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Escarole	ESC	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Flowering Kale	FLW	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD SE	F
			Frizee/Belgian Endive	EDF	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Green Swisschard	GRN	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Hanover	HAN	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Hybrid Mustard	HYB	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Leaf Spinach	LEF	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Mizuna/Japanese Mustard	MIZ	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Open Pollinated Mustard	OMS	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Orach	ORA	FH, PR, SD	F
			Perilla/Shiso/Japanese Basil	PER	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
Rape/Rapini/Chinese Broccoli	RAP	FG, FH, GZ, PR, RS, SD	F			
Red Swisschard	RED	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F			

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Greens (Continued)	4000	GREEN	Shanghi Bok Choy	SHA	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Shum Choy	SHC	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Sorrell	SOR	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Suk Gat	SUK	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Toc Choy	TOC	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Turnip	TUR	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Vine Spinach	VIN	FH, RS, SD	
			Vine Spinach	VIN	FG, PR	F
			Water Spinach	WAT	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Yu Choy	YUC	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
Guamabana/Soursop	1167	GUANA			FH	
Guar	0134	GUAR			*--GM, LS, SD--*	
Guava	0498	GUAVA			FH, PR	F
Guavaberry	1299	GUBRY			FH	F
Guayule	0492	GUAYU			blank	
Hazel Nuts	0376	HAZNT			blank	F
Herbs	5000	HERBS	Anise Hyssop	HYA	FH, PR, SD	
			Basil	BAS	FH, PR, SD	
			Bay Leaf	BAY	FH, PR, SD	
			Borage	BOR	FH, PR, SD	
			Bu Choo/Garlic Chives	BUC	FH, PR, SD	
			Burdock	BUR	FH, PR, SD	
			Cacao	CAC	FH, PR, SD	
			Camomile	CMM	FH, PR, SD	
			Caraway	CWY	FH, PR, SD	
			Cardoon	CAR	FH, PR, SD	
			Catnip	CAT	FH, PR, SD	
			Chervil	CHR	FH, PR, SD	
			Chives	CHI	FH, PR, SD	
			Cilantro/Coriander	CIL	FH, PR, SD	
			Clary Sage	CLS	PR	
			Common Hyssop	HYC	FH, PR, SD	
			Common Sage	SAG	FH, PR, SD	
			Crotolaria	CRO	FH, PR, SD	
			Cuphea	CUP	FH, PR, SD	
			Deodeok (False Ginseng)	DEO	FH, PR, SD	
Dill	DIL	FH, PR, SD				
Echinacea	ECH	FH, PR, SD				
Fennel/Anise	FNL	FH, PR, SD				

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Herbs (Continued)	5000	HERBS	Fenugreek	FEN	FH, PR, SD	
			Gobo	GOB	RT	
			Goldenseal	GLD	FH, PR, SD	
			Kookoolau	KOO	FH, PR, SD	
			Lemon Balm	LMB	FH, PR, SD	
			Lemon Grass	LMG	FH, PR, SD	
			Lemon Verbena	LEM	FH, PR, SD	
			Mamaki	MKI	FH, PR, SD	
			Marjoram	MAR	FH, PR, SD	
			Milkthistle	MLK	FH, PR, SD	
			Mint	MNT	FH, PR, SD	
			Mint Apple	MTA	FH, PR, SD	
			Mullein	MUL	FH, PR, SD	
			Native Spearmint	NAT	FH, PR, SD	
			Oregano	ORE	FH, PR, SD	
			Parsley	PAR	FH, PR, RT, SD	
			Peppermint	PEP	FH, PR, SD	
			Recao	REC	FH, PR, SD	
			Rosemary	ROS	FH, PR, SD	
			Savory	SAV	FH, PR, SD	
			Scotch Spearmint	SCO	FH, PR, SD	
Self-Heal	SLF	FH, PR, SD				
St Johns Wort	STJ	FH, PR, SD				
Tarragon	TAR	FH, PR, SD				
Thyme	THY	FH, PR, SD				
Worm Grass	WRG	FH, PR, SD				
Hesperaloe/Agave	0837	HSPRL			blank	
***	***	***			***	
Honey	1190	HONEY			FH, NT, TB	
Honeydew	0758	HNYDW			FH, SD	F
Hops	0138	HOPS			FH	
Horseradish	0090	HORSE			FH, PR, RS, SD	
Huckleberries	0622	HUKBR			FH, PR	F
Indigo	0440	INDIG			FH	
Industrial Rice	1217	RICEI			blank	

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Israel Melons	9030	ISRAL			FH	F
Jack Fruit	7037	JCKFR			FH, PR	F
Jerusalem Artichokes /Sunchoke	0522	ARTIJ			FH	F
Jojoba	0490	JOJOB			blank	
Jujube	2018	JUJUB			FH, PR	F
--Juneberries	1906	JUNBR			FH, PR	F--
Kamut	0019	KAMUT			GR	
Kenaf	0489	KENAF			blank or FH	
Kenya	8050	KENYA			FH	F
Kiwifruit	0463	KIWIF			FH, PR	F
Kochia (Prostrata)	2002	KOCHI			FG, GZ, SD	
Kohlrabi	0374	KOLRA			GZ, SD	
					FH	F
Korean Golden Melon	9993	KORGD			FH	F
Kumquats	0473	KUMQU			FH, PR	F
Leeks	0377	LEEKS			SD	
					FH	F
Lemons	0035	LEMON			FH, PR	F
Lentils	0401	LENTI			DE, FG, GM, GZ	
Lespedeza	0273	LESPD			FG, GM, GZ, SD	
Lesquerella	0834	LSQRL			SD	
Lettuce	0140	LETUC	Bibb	BIB	FH, SD	F
			Boston	BOS	FH, SD	F
			Butterhead	BTR	FH, SD	F
			Crisphead	CRS	FH, SD	F
			Leaf Lettuce	LEF	FH, SD	F
			Romaine Lettuce	RMW	FH, SD	F
Limequats	0499	LIMEQ			FH	F

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Limes	0036	LIMES	Key	KEY	FH, PR	F
			Mexican	MEX	FH, PR	F
			Tahiti Limes	TAH	FH, PR	F
Longan	8004	LONGN			FH, PR	F
Loquats	0500	LOQUA			FH	F
Lotus Root	7087	LOTRT			FH, SD	F
Lupine (see flowers)						
Lychee	8005	LYCHE			FH	F
Macadamia Nuts	0469	MACAD			blank	F
Malanga (see Dasheen)						
Mangos	0464	MANGO			FH, PR	F
Mangosteen	7208	MNGST			FH, PR	F
Maple Sap	0100	MAPSP			PR	
Mayhaw Berries	9904	MAYHW			FH	
					PR	F
Meadowfoam	0793	MDWFM			SD	
Melongene	8139	MELNG			FH, SD	F
Mesple	1294	MESPL			FH, PR	F
Milkweed	2010	MLKWD			FG, GM, GR, GZ, SD	
					FH	F
Millet	0080	MILET	Common	COM	FG, GR, GZ, LS, SD	
			Dove Proso	DOP	FG, GR, GZ, LS, SD	
Mixed Forage	0296	MIXFG	2 Or More Interseeded Coarse Grains	ICG	*--CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			2 Or More Interseeded Grass Mix	IGS	CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			2 Or More Interseeded Small Grains	MSG	CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			2 Or More Legumes Interseeded	LEG	CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD,--* SO	

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Mixed Forage (Continued)	0296	MIXFG	Alfalfa Grass Mixture	AGM	*--CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Alfalfa Small Grain Interseeded	ASG	CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Grass Mix-Below 25% Alfalfa	GMA	CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Grass/Small Grain Interseeding	SSG	CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Hay Oats And Peas	OTP	CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Legume/Coarse Grain	LCG	CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Legume/Grass Mixture	LGM	CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Legume/Small Grain	LSG	CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Legume/Small Grain/Grass	LGG	CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Native Grass Interseeded	NSG	CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO--*	
Mohair	2015	MOHAR			blank	
Mollusk	3001	MOLSK	Abalone	ABA	FH, PR	
			Bay Scallops	BAY	FH, PR	
			Growout Clams	GRO	FH, PR	
			Mussel	MUS	FH, PR	
			Nursery Clams	NUR	FH, PR	
			Oysters	OYS	FH, PR	
			Raceway Clams	RAC	FH, PR	
Mulberries	0370	MULBR			FH, JU	F
Mushrooms	0403	MUSHR	Common	COM	FH, PR	F
			Shitake	SHI	FH, PR	F
Mustard	0130	MUSTD	Brown	BWN	GM, PR, SD	
			Oriental	ORN	GM, PR, SD	
			Yellow	YEL	GM, PR, SD	
Nectarines	0250	NECTR			FH, PR	F
Niger Seed	2011	NGRSD			blank	
Nursery	1010	NRSRY	Container	CON	blank	
			Edible Container	EDC	blank	
			Edible Field	EDF	blank	
			Field	FLD	blank	
Note: Report Ferns, Holly, Plants, Vines, and Shrubs under Nursery.						
Oats	0016	OATS	Hulless	HUL	*--CO, FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Spring	SPR	CO, FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Winter	WTR	CO, FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS,--* SD	

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Plumcots	0466	PLUMC			FH, RS	F
Plums	0254	PLUMS	Early	ERL	FH, PR, RS	F
			Late	LAT	FH, PR, RS	F
			Midseason	MID	FH, PR, RS	F
Pohole	0135	POHOL			FH	F
Pomegranates	0467	POMEG			FH, JU, PR	F
Potatoes	0084	PTATO	Fingerling Potatoes	FIN	FH, PR, SD	F
			Irish Redskinned Potatoes	IRS	FH, PR, SD	F
			Reds	RED	FH, PR, SD	F
			Russets	RUS	FH, PR, SD	F
			Speciality	SPC	FH, PR, SD	F
			Whites	WHT	FH, PR, SD	F
			Yellow	YEL	FH, PR, SD	F
Potatoes Sweet	0156	SWTPO	Beaugard	BEA	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Covington	COV	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Dianne	DIA	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Garnet	GAR	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Georgia Red	GEO	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Golden Sweet	GSW	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Hannah	HAN	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			--Hatteras	HAT	FH, PR, SD, SE	F--
			Hernandez	HER	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Japanese	JPN	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Jersey	JER	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Jewel	JWL	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Mameya	MAM	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Oriental	ORI	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Red Glow	RGL	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Sweet Boniato	SBE	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
Sweet Hayman	SHA	FH, PR, SD, SE	F			
White	WHT	FH, PR, SD, SE	F			
Prunes	0086	PRUNS			FH, PR, RS	F
Psyllium	0715	PSYLM			blank	
Pummelo	0906	PUMLO			FH, PR	F

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Pumpkins	0147	PUMKN	Chinese Pumpkins	CHI	FH, PR, SD	F
			Cushaw	CUS	FH, PR, SD	F
			Ghost	GHO	FH, PR, SD	F
			Howden Pumpkins	HOD	FH, PR, SD	F
			Jack-O-Lantern	JAC	FH, PR, SD	F
			Kobacha/Calabaza	KOB	FH, PR, SD	F
			Mammoth	MAM	FH, PR, SD	F
			Mini Pumpkins	MIN	FH, PR, SD	F
			Sugar	SUG	FH, PR, SD	F
Quinces	0468	QUINC			FH, PR	F
Quinoa	0716	QUINO			FH, GR	
Radishes	0148	RADIS	Chinese	CHI	GM	
			Chinese	CHI	FH, LS, SD	F
			Daikon	DAI	GM	
			Daikon	DAI	FH, LS, SD	F
			Hybrid	HYB	GM	
			Hybrid	HYB	FH, LS, SD	F
			Korean	KOR	GM	
			Korean	KOR	FH, LS, SD	F
			Oilseed	OLS	GM	
			Oilseed	OLS	FH, LS, SD	F
			Open Pollinated	OPN	GM	
			Open Pollinated	OPN	FH, LS, SD	F
Raisins	0037	RAISN			blank	F
Rambutan	7164	RMBTN			FH, PR, RS, SD	F
Rapeseed	0129	RAPE			*--CO, FG, GM, GZ, SD--*	
Rhubarb	0335	RHUBR			FH, PR, RS	F
Rice	0018	RICE	Long Grain	LGR	blank	
			Medium Grain	MGR	blank	
			Short Grain	SGR	blank	
Rice, Industrial	1217	RICEI			blank	
Note: Report genetically engineered rice, such as "ventria" under industrial rice.						
Rice, Sweet	0904	RICES			blank	
Rice, Wild	0641	RICEW			blank	F

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Rutabaga	0339	RUBAG			FH, PR, SD	F
Rye	0094	RYE			*--CO, FG, GM, GR, GS,--* GZ, LS, SD	
Safflower	0079	SFLWR			FG, FH, SD	
Salsify ("Oyster Plant")	0532	SALSI			FH, PR	F
Sapodilla	8008	SPDLA			FH	F
Sapote	0998	SAPBK	Black Sapote	BLA	FH, PR	F
			Mamey Sapote	MAM	FH, PR	F
			White Sapote	WHI	FH, PR	F
Scallions	8109	SCALN			SD	
					FH, PR	F
Schizandra Berries	0426	SCHIZ			FH, PR	F
Sesame	0396	SESME			LV, SD	
Shallots	0533	SHALL			FH, SD	F
Shrubs/Forbs	7505	SHRUB	Compass Plant	CMP	SD	
			Fourwing Saltbush	FWS	SD	
			Prairie Coneflower	PCF	SD	
			Winterfat	WIN	SD	
Skip Rows	0790	SKPRW			blank	
Sorghum	0051	SORGH	Grain	GRS	FG, GR, GZ, SD, SG	
			Hybrid Interplanting Forage	HIF	FG, GR, GZ, SD	
			Hybrid	HIG	FG, GR, GZ, SD, SG	
			Hybrid Standardplant Fg	HSF	FG, GR, GZ, SD	
			Hybrid Standardplant Gr	HSG	FG, GR, GZ, SD	
			Hybrid Standardplant Su	HSS	FG, GR, GZ, SD	
Sorghum, Forage	0050	SORGF	Alum	ALU	*--CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, ML, PR, SD, SG	
			Cane	CAN	CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, ML, PR, SD, SG	
			Sudex	SUD	CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, ML, PR, SD, SG	
			Sweet	SWT	CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, ML,--* PR, SD, SG	
Sorghum, Dual Purpose	0052	SORGD			FG, GM, GR, GZ, SD, SG	

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Soybeans	0081	SOYBN	Common	COM	*--FG, FH, GR, GZ, LS, SD	
			Edamame Soybeans	EDA	FG, FH, GR, GZ, LS, SD	
			Lerado	LER	FG, FH, GR, GZ, LS, SD	
			Quail Haven	QUL	FG, LS, SD	
			Vernal	VER	FG, LS, SD--*	
Speltz	0131	SPELZ			FG, GM, GR, GZ	
Soursop (see Guamabana/Soursop)						
Sprite Melon	0760	SPRTE			FH, SD	F
Squash	0155	SQASH	Acorn Squash	ACN	FH, PR, SD	F
			Banana	BAN	FH, PR, SD	F
			Bittermelon Squash	BIT	FH, PR, SD	F
			Buttercup	BTR	FH, PR, SD	F
			Butternut Squash	BTT	FH, PR, SD	F
			Chayote	CHY	FH, PR, SD	F
			Crookneck	CRK	FH, PR, SD	F
			Dungua	DNG	FH, PR, SD	F
			Moqua	MOQ	FH, PR, SD	F
			Opo	OPO	FH, PR, SD	F
			Singua	SNG	FH, PR, SD	F
			Spaghetti Squash	SPG	FH, PR, SD	F
			Summer Squash	SUM	FH, PR, SD	F
			Sunburst	SUN	FH, PR, SD	F
Winter Squash	WTR	FH, PR, SD	F			
Zucchini Squash	ZUC	FH, PR, SD	F			
Strawberries	0154	STWBR			FH, PR, RS, SE	F
Sugar Beets	0039	SBEET			FG, PR, SD	
Sugarcane	0038	SCANE			FH, PR	
Suk Gat (see Greens)						
Sunflowers	0078	SNFLR	Confectionery - Sunflower	NON	FG, GR, SD	
			Sunflower Oil	OIL	FG, GR, SD	
--Sunn Hemp	7510	SHEMP			GM, LS, SD--	
Tangelos	0024	TANGL	Minneola	MIN	FH, JU, PR	F
			Orlando	ORL	FH, JU, PR	F
Tangerines	0048	TANGR	Murcotts	MUR	FH, JU, PR, RS	F
					FH, JU, PR, RS	F

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Tangors	1302	TANGS			FH	F
Tangos	0478	TANGO			FH	F
Tannier	0187	TANRS	Purple	PUR	FH	F
			Rascana	RAS	FH	F
			White	WHT	FH	F
			Yellow	YEL	FH	F
Taro	0535	TARO	Chinese	CHI	FH, LV, PR	F
			Giant	GIA	FH, PR	F
			Poi	POI	FH, LV, PR	F
			Xanthosoma	XAN	FH, PR	F
Tea	0179	TEA			PR	
Teff	1223	TEFF			FG, GR, GZ, SD	
Ti	0536	TIPLT			FH, LV, PR	F
--Tobacco, Cigar Wrapper--	0012	CIWTB	***		blank	
Tobacco, Burley	0001	BURTB			blank	
Tobacco, Burley 31V	0013	BURLV			blank	
Tobacco, Cigar Binder	0008	CIBTB	Cigar Binder (051)	CBA	blank	
			Cigar Binder (052)	CBB	blank	
Tobacco, Cigar Filler	0010	CIFTB	Cigar Filler Tobacco (041)	CGA	blank	
Tobacco, Cigar Filler Binder	0007	CFBTB	Cigar Filler Binder (054)	CFA	blank	
			Cigar Filler Binder (055)	CFB	blank	
Tobacco, Dark Air Cured	0005	DACTB	Dark Air Cured (035)	DAA	blank	
			Dark Air Cured (036)	DAB	blank	
Tobacco, Fire Cured	0004	FICTB	Fire Cured (022)	FRA	blank	
			Fire Cured (023)	FRB	blank	
Tobacco, Flue Cured	0002	FCTB	Flue Cured (012)	FCA	blank	
			Flue Cured (013)	FCB	blank	
			Flue Cured (014)	FCC	blank	
			Flue Cured (11A)	FCD	blank	
			Flue Cured (11B)	FCE	blank	
Tobacco, Maryland	0009	MDTB			blank	

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Tobacco, Virginia Fire Cured	0003	VFCTB			blank	
Tobacco, Virginia Sun Cured	0006	VSCTB			blank	
Tomatillos	7158	TOMTL			FH, PR	F
Tomatoes	0087	TMATO	Cherry	CHR	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Grape	GRP	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Green	GRN	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Hybrid	HYB	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Japanese	JPN	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Plum	PLM	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Yellow	YEL	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
Trees, Timber	7506	TREES			blank	
Triticale	0158	TRICL			*--CO, FG, GM, GR, GS,--* GZ, LS, SD	
Truffles	0405	TRUFF			FH	F
Turn Areas, Terraces, etc.	0105	TRNAR			blank	
Turnips	0160	TRNIP	Forage Turnip	FTP	FG, GZ, SD	
			Hybrid Turnip	HYB	FH, PR, SD	F
			Open Pollinated	OPN	FH, PR, SD	F
Vanilla	1295	VANIL			blank	
Vetch	0435	VETCH	Cicer Milkvetch	CIC	*--CO, FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Common Vetch	COM	CO, FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Crown Vetch	CRW	CO, FG, GM, GZ, RS, SD	
			Hairy Vetch	HRY	CO, FG, GM, GZ, SD--*	
Walnuts	0029	WLNUT	Black	BLK	blank	F
			English	ENG	blank	F
Wampee	7320	WAMPI			blank	
Water Cress	0613	WACRE			FH, PR	F
Water Impoundment Structure	0776	WTRIS			blank	
Waterbank	0093	WBP			blank	

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Watermelon	0757	WATRM	Common	COM	FH, SD	F
			Crimson Sweet	CRM	FH, SD	F
			Ice Box/Sugar Babies	SUG	FH, SD	F
			Jubilee	JUB	FH, SD	F
			Personal/Mini	PER	FH, SD	F
			Seedless	SED	FH, SD	F
			Striped	STR	FH, SD	F
Wax Jamboo Fruit	7302	WXJMB			FH	F
Wetland Bank Reserve	9011	WBR			blank	
Wetland Reserve Program	2006	WRP			blank	
Wheat	0011	WHEAT	Hard Amber Durum	HAD	*--CO, FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Hard Red Spring	HRS	CO, FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Hard Red Winter	HRW	CO, FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Hard White Spring	HWS	CO, FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Hard White Winter	HWR	CO, FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Soft Red Winter	SRW	CO, FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Soft White Spring	SWS	CO, FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Soft White Winter	SWW	CO, FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ,--* LS, SD	
Wildlife Food Plot	0777	WLDFP			blank	
Wildlife Habitat Incentive Program	2007	WHIP			blank	
Wool	2016	WOOL			blank	
Yam	0188	YAM	Diamond	DMD	FH, LT, PR	F
			Habanero	HAB	FH, LT, PR	F
			Purple	PUR	FH, LT, PR	F
			Sweet	SWT	FH, LT, PR	F
Yu Cha ("Tea Tree Oil" – oilseed plant)	0695	YUCHO			SG	
					FH, PR, RS, SD	F

Crop Characteristic Codes

A Crop Status Codes for First Character Field

Following are the crop status codes for the first character field.

Code	Description
Status Code for Initial Crops	
I	Initial - the first crop planted on the acreage.
Status Codes for Crops Meeting Double-Cropping Definition	
D	Covered commodity followed by a different covered commodity - meets double-cropping definition.
E	Covered commodity followed by FAV or wild rice or vice versa - meets double-cropping definition.
F	FAV followed by a different FAV - meets double-cropping definition.
G	Noncovered commodity/non-FAV followed by covered commodity or vice versa - meets double-cropping definition.
H	Noncovered commodity/non-FAV followed by FAV or vice versa - meets double-cropping definition.
O	Noncovered commodity/non-FAV followed by noncovered commodity/non-FAV meets double-cropping definition.
Status Codes for Crops Not Meeting Double-Cropping Definition	
J	Covered commodity followed by a covered commodity - does not meet double-cropping definition.
K	Covered commodity followed by FAV or wild rice or vice versa - does not meet double-cropping definition.
L	FAV followed by a different FAV - does not meet double-cropping definition.
M	Noncovered commodity/non-FAV followed by a covered commodity or vice versa - does not meet double-cropping definition.
N	Noncovered commodity followed by FAV or vice versa- does not meet double-cropping definition.
P	Noncovered commodity/non-FAV followed by noncovered commodity/non-FAV does not meet double-cropping definition.
R	Repeat – planting of the same crop on the same acreage.
Status Code for Experimental Crops	
X	Experimental - when the crop does not meet the definition of a crop when all of the following are met: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • crop is planted for experimental purposes conducted under the direct supervision of a State experiment station or commercial company • production is destroyed before harvest or used for testing or other experimental purposes • a representative of the State experiment station or the commercial company certifies that any production harvested from the experiment will not be marketed in any form • the farm operator certifies that no harvested production of the crop has or will be received • by the final reporting date, the farm operator reports the acreage to be excluded and identifies the acreage on a photocopy.

B Second Character Field Status Codes

The following status codes will be used in the second character:

- “P” for prevented
- “F” for failed
- “_” for planted.

Crop Characteristic Codes (Continued)

C Third Character Field Status Codes

The following status codes will be used in the third character field.

- **“M” or Interplanted.** The third character status code is “M”, which represents interplanted (also known as multiple plantings). For example, the field is 10 acres. The field has been planted to coffee according to the normal spacing requirements and the field should be reported as 10 acres. Now the producer goes back in and plants a second crop in between the coffee plants. The crop planted is plantains. This crop too has been planted according to the normal spacing requirements. Therefore, it too should be reported as 10.0 acres. This is when the “M” status code would be used to allow both fields to be reported as initial. The following is an example of how the crops would be reported.

Field #	Crop	Type	Acres	Int Use	Status
1	Coffee	ARA	10.0	Fh	I
1	Plaintain	PUR	10.0	Fh	I M

- **Codes 1 Through 9.** The key to the acreage reporting file is crop, type, intended use, land use, and status. In 2004 and prior years, if a change is not made in the key, then each crop will not summarize. For example, if we have tomatoes planted as the initial crop, followed by a second planting of tomatoes and then followed by a third planting of tomatoes, the third planting does not summarize. The crops would be reported as follows.

Field #	Crop	Type	Acres	Int Use	Status
1	TMATO	CHR	10.0	Fh	I
1	TMATO	CHR	10.0	Fh	R
1	TMATO	CHR	10.0	Fh	R

In this example, the third planting of tomatoes would not summarize.

For 2005, status codes 1 through 9 are added in the third character. By assigning this code to the third and subsequent plantings of a crop, a change in the key has been made and each planting of the crop will be summarized. In 2005, the crops would be reported as follows.

Field #	Crop	Type	Acres	Int Use	Status
1	TMATO	CHR	10.0	Fh	I
1	TMATO	CHR	10.0	Fh	R
1	TMATO	CHR	10.0	Fh	R 1
1	TMATO	CHR	10.0	Fh	R 2

Note: NAP as well as other programs have a need to know the planting period. Using the third character for codes 1 through 9 will identify up to 11 different planting periods.

Crop Characteristic Codes (Continued)

***--D Intended Actual Use Codes**

The following are the intended actual use codes and definitions.

Code	Intended/Actual Use	FSA-578 Printout	Definition
CO	Cover Only	Cover	Intended not for harvest, but to be used for field cover only. The crop is destroyed intentionally and is not incorporated into the soil. Typically used for erosion control or other environmental benefits. Note: If the crop is to be grazed (GZ), hayed for forage (FG), left standing (LS), or plowed in for manure (GM), report as such. Do not report as Cover Only (CO).--*
De	Dry Edible	Dry Ed	The dry, edible seed of the crop intended for human consumption, such as pulse crops.
Ed	Edible	Edible	Intended for human consumption, from a nontypical food source.
Fg	Foraging	Forage	Intended for harvesting as food for livestock. Does not include crops grown for the intended purpose of grazing by livestock or grown for the intended purpose of grain which may be fed to livestock.
Fh	Fresh	Fresh	Intended to have an end use unchanged or unimpaired and retaining its original properties; not altered or preserved by freezing, canning, pickling, salting, drying, etc.
Gm	Green Manure	Gr Mnre	Intended not to harvest, but to be plowed under to enrich the soil.
Gp	Green Peanuts	Green	Intended to harvest peanuts in a semi-mature state, having achieved full size, but not being fully dried, as would be needed for roasting, boiling, or peanut butter production.
Gr	Grain	Grain	Intended to be harvested as the small, hard seed of a food plant such as wheat, corn, rye, oats, rice, or millet.
Gs	Grain/Grazing	Grazing	Intended as pasture for livestock to roam and feed on initially, and then later harvest for grain.

Crop Characteristic Codes (Continued)

***--D Intended Actual Use Codes (Continued)**

Code	Intended/Actual--* Use	FSA-578 Printout	Definition
Gr	Grain	Grain	Intended to be harvested as the small, hard seed of a food plant such as wheat, corn, rye, oats, rice, or millet.
Gs	Grain/Grazing	Grazing	Intended as pasture for livestock to roam and feed on initially, and then later harvest for grain.
Gz	Grazing	Graze	Intended solely for pasture for livestock to roam and feed on.
Hp	Hogged Peanuts	Hogged	Intended for swine to graze by digging up the root system and nut. The above ground portion may be mechanically harvested for hay production before allowing the swine to graze.
Ju	Juice	Juice	Intended to harvest for the natural fluid, fluid content, or liquid, not including molasses.
Ls	Left Standing	Lft Std	Intended to be left in the field unharvested. Not intended to be mechanically or manually harvested for any purpose, grazed by domesticated livestock, or otherwise harvested in any manner. Typically used for erosion control and nutrient retention.
Lt	Leaf Tips	Leaftip	Intended to harvest the tips of the young leaves and shoots only.
Lv	Leaves	Leaves	Intended to harvest the mature leaves of the plant only.
MI	Molasses	Molass	Intended to produce a thick syrup during the refining of sorghum or sugar.
Np	Nut Peanuts	Nut	Intended to harvest the fully mature nut of the peanut plant.
Nt	Nontable	Nontable	Honey not intended for human consumption.
Ol	Oil	Oil	Intended to produce oil from the plant of flax, olives, or flowers for fragrance, consumption, or lubrication. Note: All other crops grown with the intent to produce oil shall be reported with a "Processed" intended use.

Crop Characteristic Codes (Continued)

***--D Intended Actual Use Codes (Continued)**

Code	Intended/Actual--* Use	FSA-578 Printout	Definition
Pr	Processed	Proces	Intended to have an end use after being treated or prepared by some particular process that changes the original properties, such as freezing, canning, pickling, salting, drying, pasteurizing, etc.
Rs	Root Stock	Rtstck	Intended to grow the plant solely for its root and its associated growth buds as a stock in plant propagation, and not for livestock or human consumption.
Rt	Root	Root	Intended to grow the plant solely for its root to be consumed.
Sd	Seed	Seed	Intended to harvest for the plant's seed for growing a new crop, and not for livestock or human consumption.
Se	Sets	Sets	Intended to harvest the plant, midway through its growing cycle, to sell for replanting or propagation purposes.
Sg	Silage	Silage	Intended for use as food for livestock, preserved through fermentation.
So	Sod	Sod	Intended to be harvested as sections cut or torn from the surface containing the matted roots of grass.
Tb	Table	Table	Honey intended for human consumption.

